The Massillon Independent

ISSUED SEMI-WEEKLY. MASSILLON, OHIO THURSDAY MAY 14, 1896. XXXV—NO. 9

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ATTORNEYS.

ROBERT H. FOLGER, Attorney at Law, U. S. Commissioner, Commissioner of Deeds for New York and Pennsylvania, and Notary Public Office second floor over Rudolph's jewelry store. South Erie street, Massillon, O. Will give strict attention to all business entrusted to his care in Stark and the adjoining counties.

BANKS.

UNION NATIONAL BANK, Massillon Ohio Jos. Coleman, President, J. H. Hunt, Cashier.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. W. H. KIKLAND, Homeopathic Practice. Office No. 55 East Main street, Massillon, Ohio. Office open day and night.

HARDWARE.

S. A. CONRAD & CO., Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Hardware, etc., Main street.

MANUFACTORIES.

RUSSELL & CO., manufacturers of Threshing Machines, Portable, Semi-Portable and Traction Engines, Horse powers, Saw Mills, &c.

MASSILLON ROLLING MILL, Jos. Corns & Son, Proprietors, manufacturers of a superior quality of Merchant Bar and Black Smith Iron.

MASSILLON GLASS FACTORY, manufactures Green Glass Hollow Ware, Beer Bottles, Flasks, &c.

MASSILLON IRON BRIDGE CO. Manufacturers of Bridges, Roofs and General Iron Structures.

GROCERIES.

D. ATWATER & SON. Established in 1832 Forwarding and Commission Merchant and dealer in all kinds of Country Produce. Ware house in Atwater's Block, Exchange street.

JEWELERS.

C. F. VON RANEL, East Side Jewelry Store East Main street.

JOSEPH COLEMAN dealer in Watches, Clocks Jewelry, Silverware, Musical Instruments, etc. No, 5 South Erie street.

B. & B

Have you any DRY GOODS to Buy?

Wash Goods—Dress Goods—Silks—anything—no matter what—send here for samples and let them and the prices prove whether it's any to your pocketbook's interest to buy here, as we state most emphatically and positively it is, and as you yourself will acknowledge when you see the goods.

Samples don't cost you anything and they'll tell a lot about styles and values and this store's way of doing business, that will be well for you to know, we think, no matter if you do live miles away.

Write for the below mentioned and let them indicate what we mean:

Silk Ginghams 25c—the choicest selected designs and the best original quality that use to bring 40c. We have some others at 18c

Silks—large assorted lot of stylish warp prints at $1.00—every one of them worth more money—some a good deal more.

A thousand yards of 32 inch Black Velour for making the stylish capes. $1.25 a yard. We don't believe its equal was ever sold under $2 00.

Send for samples elegant foreign Dress Goods and Suitings, 50c. to $2.50; or if you want something less costly, the American made goods—all wool copies of high-class imported goods, 25c. and 35c. and send for our catalogue—that's free also.

BOGGS & BUHL

ALLEGHENY, PA.

IF YOUR EYES

Pain, smart or water, it is their pleading for help.

Spectacles.

No matter if somebody does try dissuade you, yours is the pain and danger. We do not charge you anything for examining the eyes.

Optics is our Specialty.

And we guarantee you a correct fit at moderate prices. You will find us permanently located at No. 1 W. Main St, Massillon.

C. C. Miller,

Only exclusive Optician in the city. Over Crone's New Dry Goods Store.

For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

St. Louis Excursions for Republican National Convention.

June 12, 13, 14 and 15, via Pennsylvania Lines; good returning until June 21st. Rates and time of train may be obtained of Pennsylvania Line Ticket Agents.

IN HANCOCK'S MEMORY

An Equestrian Statue Unveiled at Washington.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND PRESENT.

He Made a Brief Speech and Presided Over the Exercises—Senator Palmer the Chief Orator—A Grandson of Hancock Did the Unveiling.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—With imposing ceremonies the heroic equestrian statue of Major General Winfield Scott Hancock was unveiled here before an immense gathering which included President Cleveland, Vice President Stevenson and representatives of the supreme court, the diplomatic corps, both bodies of congress and army veterans and colleagues of the late general. The unveiling was preceded by a military demonstration. Four companies of artillery marching as infantry, four companies of marines, with the Marine band, light battery, Third artillery, a squadron from the Sixth cavalry, the full district militia and numerous military organizations, including the Second Army corps, at the head of which General Hancock achieved his greatest victories, participated in the parade. Brigadier General Brooke, commanding the department of the Dakotas, U. S. A., was the grand marshal of the day.

The exercises opened with a prayer by Rt. Rev. James Y. Satterlee, bishop of Washington. The principal address was delivered by Senator John M. Palmer of Illinois, major general of the United States volunteers during the war. A salute was fired as the unveiling of the statue took place. Seven hundred invited friends gathered at the scene, including many relatives and friends of the deceased general.

The statue stands in the heart of the business district of Washington. It is the work of Henry J. Ellicott, the noted sculptor, and its total height is 33 feet 8 inches, the distance from the plynth to the top of the hat is 14 feet 6 inches, and the height of the pedestal from the ground to the plynth is 19 feet 2 inches. The proportions of the rider are such that if standing erect he would measure 10 feet in height.

President Cleveland presided over the exercises, making a brief address and announcing the programme to an audience, which included members of the cabinet, representatives of all the official circles, the judiciary, congress, diplomatic and army and navy.

Gywnn Hancock, a grandson of the general and his only male descendant, in the gray uniform of a West Point cadet, pulled a rope and the flags fell away from the statue, revealing it to the crowds, who gave three cheers, while cannon boomed a salute.

THE RIVER AND HARBOR BILL.

A Vote on the Measure Will Be Taken This Afternoon.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—The animated contest which has proceeded for four days in the senate over a deep water harbor on the southern coast of California has been brought to a close by a compromise between the conflicting interests. The issue has been between the points of Santa Monica, the terminus of the Southern Pacific, and San Pedro, the locality urged by the California senators. Senator Frye, chairman of the commerce committee, finally harmonized the differences by referring the determination, as between Santa Monica and San Pedro, to a commission, to consist of three civil engineers, a naval officer and an officer of the coast survey. The compromise was accepted by the California senators and was unanimously passed.

An amendment, urged by Mr. Gorman, limiting the expenditures under the contract authorizations to $10,000,000 annually led to a lengthy debate. A motion by Mr. Vest to table the amendment failed, yeas 26, nays 21. An agreement was reached to dispose of the bill by 3 o'clock this afternoon.

BOND INVESTIGATORS NAMED.

Secretary Carlisle Says He Is Willing to Furnish Information.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—At the meeting of the senate committee on finance Chairman Morrill appointed a sub-committee of five to investigate the bond sales under the Peffer resolution, naming for that service Senators Harris, Vest and Walthall, Democrats; Platt, Republican, and Jones (Nev.) Populist.

Secretary Carlisle's letter to Senator Morrill saying that he was willing to furnish the committee any information at his command was read, and the chairman was authorized to request the secretary to supply a statement in writing with the understanding that if additional facts should be required he would be asked to appear personally.

The Session of the House.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—The house entered upon the contested election case of Rinaker vs. Downing from the Sixteenth Illinois district. The debate was very spirited. Mr. Wheeler (Dem., Ala.) was taken to task for abusing the privilege of printing in The Record, and some extensive interpolations in a recent speech of his were expunged by a vote of 75 to 144. Mr. Evans (Rep., Ky.), in obedience to the instructions of the ways and means committee, gave notice that he would call up the "free alcohol" bill at the first opportunity.

Filled Cheese Bill Reported.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—The finance committee of the senate reported favorably the house filled cheese bill, with some amendments. The amendments reduce the annual revenue tax on manufacturers of filled cheese from $400 to $240, and on wholesale dealers in the article from $250 to $200. The report was adopted by a bare majority of one, the vote standing 5 to 4.

CONGREGATIONAL CELEBRATION.

Centennial Anniversary West of the Alleghenies at Marietta, O.

MARIETTA, O., May 13.—The centennial anniversary of Congregationalism west of the Allegheny mountains has begun here and will continue three days. The meetings are held in the old First Congregational church, built in 1807, and still used for church purposes, having been frequently remodeled. It stands on the site of the original blockhouse used 100 years ago. The visitors have been indulging in old-time reminiscenses in and around the first white settlement in the northwest territory. Among those who participated in the program today were: Prof. Frank H. Foster, Oakland, Cal.; Rev. Alonzo H. Quint, Boston; President Charles F. Thwing, Cleveland; Rev. Delaven L. Leonard, Oberlin; Rev. Cornelius E. Dickinson, Marietta, and Rev. James Brand, Oberlin.

The program for tomorrow includes Rev. Washington Gladden, Columbus; Prof. Williston Walker, Hartford, Conn., and others. The celebration will close Thursday evening with addresses by representatives from Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Michigan and other representatives of the northwest territory.

When the New England colony first settled at Marietta April 7, 1788, they had no minister with them. Rev. Daniel Breck of Topsfield, Mass., was called the following July. In 1796 Rev. Daniel Story, a graduate of Dartmouth, was called. For years the settlement worshiped in the northwest blockhouse in the fort called Campus Martius. The church in which the celebration is being held is the mother of many churches and colleges in the west.

A GAS EXPLOSION.

Several Injured at the State School For Feeble Minded Youth.

COLUMBUS, May 13.—During a storm a falling tree slightly displaced and made a hole in the gas tank of the state school for feeble minded youth. Men from the city who move safes were hired to replace the tank in position. They supposed the gas had all escaped, but ignition, caused by lanterns, resulted in the burning of Dr. G. A. Doren, who has been superintendent almost 40 years; Theodore Lentz, chief engineer; Robert Joiner, George Churchman, William Banks and Thomas Hunt, expert laborers.

Superintendent Doren and Engineer Lentz are badly, but not critically burned about face, hands and neck. Hunt is believed to have been critically burned. The others are badly burned.

ANOTHER POINT FOR DEUBER.

The Canton Manufacturer Gets In a Blow on the Watch Trust.

CINCINNATI, May 13.—John C. Deuber, watchcase manufacturer of Canton, O., who began the fight which finally broke up the watch trust, scored another point. Deuber and other companies paid to the Elgin and Waltham factories royalties in excess of $100,000 on the Colby patents and pendant watches.

Later they refused to pay royalties and were sued. The lower court rendered decision against them. Judge Taft, of the United States court of appeals, not only reversed the lower court's decision, but declared the Colby patent invalid. The companies will now sue for recovery of money already paid.

Lead Kid Cyclers Into Trouble.

DELAWARE, O., May 13.—Prof. Wm. Heistand, teacher of the high school here, has been compelled to answer to the city officials on the charge of riding on the pavement, which is contrary to the ordinance put in force two weeks ago. The professor was on his way to Greenwood Lake to spend the holiday with a dozen of his pupils. The entire party on wheels rode on the pavement about a half mile where the street was in bad condition. It is said that Prof. Heistand will pay the fine of the entire party.

Wound In the Leg Brings Death.

SPRINGFIELD, O., May 13.—"Shakey" Davis, who was shot in Kirkpatrick's saloon Saturday evening by the proprietor of the place, has died at the hospital while the wound in his leg was being rebandaged. The doctors say that Davis could only have lived a little while longer, as his lungs were in a terrible condition, and that the slight strain on them caused by the fever resulting from the wound, proved more than they could stand. Kirkpatrick has been arrested and placed in jail on a charge of shooting with intent to kill.

A Small Boy Shoots Two Girls.

NAPOLEON, O., May 13.—While a 10-year-old son of Fred Glanz, residing about five miles north of this place, was playing with a loaded shotgun, it was accidentally discharged, the contents striking his 14-year-old sister, and so injuring her that she died within half an hour. Some scattering shot also struck a little daughter of Charles Platts, who was visiting at Glanz's, and inflicted serious wounds about her head.

Asks For a Divorce.

PORTSMOUTH, O., May 13.—Mrs. Dora White has filed suit for divorce from Jesse White. The defendant is a prominent lumber dealer and sawmill proprietor of Sciotoville. The petitioner charges drunkenness, cruelty and threatening and attempting to kill, and numerous instances of recent date are named. White is now a prisoner in jail awaiting trial for attempting to kill his wife.

Favorable to Nicaragua Canal.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—The Mahon Nicaragua canal bill has been ordered reported favorably to the house somewhat amended. The canal is to be constructed according to the plans of the engineer department of the army and under its supervision.

The Metropolitan Handicap.

NEW YORK, May 14.—The result of the Metropolitan handicap was: Counter Tenor won, Maxim second, Sir Walter third. Time, 1:53.

A SPLIT IN DELAWARE.

Higgins Men Bolt the Republican Convention.

ADDICKS' ADHERENTS IN CONTROL.

Each Side Held Conventions and Named Delegates to St. Louis—The Higgins Delegation Instructed For McKinley—A Lively Convention In Missouri.

DOVER, Del., May 13.—Before the adjournment of the Republican state convention here one of the stormiest battles in the history of state Republican politics had been waged.

Charges of fraud were exchanged and fighting over contested seats indulged in until it looked as if the convention would end in chaos. The war

J. EDWARD ADDICKS.

was between the factions respectively headed by J. Edward Addicks and ex-Senator Anthony Higgins. The Higgins men bolted the convention and held a separate one in the statehouse, W. Hastings presiding. These national delegates were chosen:

Anthony Higgins, John Pilling, Hiram Reedy, Dr. Paris T. Carlisle, Cornelius P. Swain and George H. Hall. They were instructed for McKinley.

The regular convention selected J. Edward Addicks, D. F. Stewart, J. Frank Allen, Dr. Hiram R. Burton, Dr. Caleb R. Layton.

The Addicks delegates were uninstructed.

FILLEY HAS THE CALL.

The Missouri Republican Convention Adopts McKinley Resolutions.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., May 13.—The Republican state convention was in session all night owing to the fight between the the Filley and Kerens factions. The Filley contested delegates have been seated.

Before the opening of the convention members of both factions tried to break into the hall, and the police were compelled to use their clubs freely.

The platform declares for sound money and well-known Republican principles. The delegates are instructed to vote for McKinley.

A P. A. Supreme Council.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—The supreme council of the American Protective association has held an informal meeting, the first of the convention. No special business was transacted except the appointment of a committee on credentials, which is arranging to seat all contesting delegations.

FLED TO CELLARS AND CAVES.

A Cyclone Scares the People at Lincoln, Neb.

LINCOLN, Neb., May 13.—A cyclone has swept this section. A funnel shaped cloud shot down from the storm cloud and a general stampede of citizens for cellars and caves ensued.

At the schoolhouse the children fled panic stricken to the furnace room amid the wildest confusion and many of them were hurt. The cyclone struck the ground north of the town. Its course was northwest. The path of the storm was from 200 to 300 yards wide and everything in this path was razed to the ground, including several houses. After traversing a distance of about two miles the cloud arose and at a point five or six miles further to the north dropped again to the earth, where it is feared that great damage and loss of life resulted.

Ex-Senator Davis' Son Drowned.

WHEELING, May 13.—Word has been received of the drowning at sea of Henry G. Davis, Jr., son of ex-Senator Henry G. Davis and brother-in-law of Senator Stephen B. Elkins. Davis had taken a cruise to South Africa for his health and was accidentally drowned in midocean.

Ex-Police Captain Sentenced.

NEW YORK, May 13.—Ex-Police Captain Edward B. Carpenter has plead guilty to the charge of bribery and has been sentenced to three months in the penitentiary and to pay a fine of $1,500 for receiving a bribe of $1,000 from the Liquor Dealers' association.

A Cyclone In Texas.

NOCONA, Tex., May 13.—A cyclone has struck the houses of S. K. Davis and E. J. Pruett, completely demolishing them. Mr. and Mrs. Pruett were severely injured and a small child of Mr. Davis was also badly hurt.

Shot In Self Defense.

JACKSON, O., May 13.—Daniel Sid Davis, one of the most wealthy men of Jackson county, has been killed at Rousseau, by O. J. Burnett of Catlettsburg, Ky. Davis was drunk and Burnett shot in self defense.

NATIONAL BANK REPORTS.

Totals for the City Show Comparatively Little Change.

The three National Bank statements are out and show the following comparative conditions:

Loans and Discounts:	
May 7, 1896	$1,999,309
Feb 28, 1896	1,586,.03
May 7, 1895	1,582,842
Deposits:	
May 7, 1896	$1,163,286
Feb. 28, 1896	1,113,714
May 7, 1895	1,220,462

NEWMANITES HAPPY.

They Think McKinley Will be Nominated at St. Louis.

GEORGE DOUGLASS'S RECORD.

Arrangements for the Memorial Day Celebration—Grandma Miller's Accident—Death of Mrs. Harney—John McBride and His Paper—Other Items of Interest.

NEWMAN, May 14.—Miss Charlotte Davis, of Massillon, returned home after several days visit with relatives in our village.

Taylor Clay and Thomas C. Miller made a business trip to this place one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Obediah Morgan, of West Lebanon, called on friends here last Saturday.

While Ira Fisher, the Massillon electrician, was attending a national convention of his calling at New York, his family had a pleasant country visit with her aunt, Mrs Robert Ralston.

Mrs J. L Green and Mrs. Will Smith, of Massillon, spent Sunday with the Davis family at Willow Grove.

The Right Honorable Robert Harrison Day and his best girl, of Massillon, made a short stop in our village last Saturday, while enroute to North Lawrence.

Our Sunday school has decided to hold Children's Day services the latter part of June.

We notice John McBride has purchased a Columbus weekly paper, which he will run in the interest of labor, but in the meantime will do yoeman service for his friend Hysell, to secure the Democratic nomination for the Columbus district. We certainly wish him success in his new enterprise.

An ice cream festival will be held at the church on Saturday evening, May 23, under the auspices of our Sunday school. Proceeds to go towards procuring memorial singing books for funerals, etc., which everybody knows are badly needed. Boys, save your dimes.

The people of our village met at the school house last Wednesday evening and completed arrangements for the proper observance of Decoration day. E. W. Dehoff was elected a committee of one to secure a speaker for the day. An executive committee of six was elected to take full charge of the arrangements, as follows: C. H. Roderick, Joseph C. Bell, Abraham L. Williams, Thomas L. Morgan, E. W. Dehoff and George W. Richards. W. Findley was selected as president of the day, and E. W. Dehoff marshal. The exercises will be held at 9 o'clock a m. A good programme, with excellent music, will be rendered, and everybody is expected to be present. Saturday of this week is the day set apart for all who feel interested in respecting the dead, as well as themselves, to meet at the cemetery and assist in cleaning up the graves for Decoration day.

John Hoover, the county surveyor, is busy hunting up section lines and locating cornerstones in our village. He finds it quite a task—in fact, some can't be found.

Mrs. John T Harney, an old resident of this vicinity, was found dead in her room, Sunday morning. The husband and family have the sympathy of their many friends in their sad loss.

Grandma Miller is suffering from bruises received from a fall while getting around her home. Her advanced age makes her very feeble and she requires considerable attention.

Major McKinley's many friends at this place are highly pleased at his progress towards securing the Republican nomination for President at the St. Louis convention. The most pleasing feature in all his canvass, to the writer, is that wherever you found large manufacturing industries or intelligent labor organization, just that sure you found labor looking to McKinley as the Moses to lead us out of our present stringent condition. He has always been looked upon in the past as a friend to honest toil and can be relied upon in the future. John P. Jones, the "North Lawrence statesman," says that when McKinley receives the nomination the miners will receive 65 cents per ton and when elected 75 cents. Our J. P. knows what he is talking about.

We notice that Labor Commissioner Ruehrwein ha selected George Douglass, a Stark county man to succeed Thos. Thomas as chief clerk in that office. George has been serving as assistant secretary treasurer for the miners' organization for several years and has proven himself competent in every particular. This makes the third Stark county man chosen consecutively to be chief clerk of the labor bureau. We find John McBride, who was appointed commissioner by the "Butler county mascot," selecting George Leahey, who was born in "Molly" Stark and almost educated himself in a coal mine until today he commands a salary of $1,800 per year, as professor of one of the largest schools in Kentucky. George is truly a self made man, with limited opportunities. When W. T. Lewis succeeded McBride as commissioner he also came to Stark county and selected a native of her soil, a pupil and protege of George Leahey, in the person of that model young man, Thomas Thomas, of Navarre, who soon conducted the duties of the office with ease and precision, and we only hope "Tommy" will be as successful in falling into a good position as his predecessors. And now that George Douglass, formerly of North Lawrence, has been selected, shows one good quality that Stark county can furnish the state from her coal mines.

THE INDEPENDENT'S editorial in Saturday's issue remonstrating against the passage of the Phillips "soft snap bill," now before congress, has the right ring to it, the endorsement of the Massillon Trades and Labor Assembly notwithstanding. We are opposed to extravagance, no matter in what form it is presented. We believe the same good can be accomplished in behalf of labor at a fraction of the cost, by resolution of congress authorizing the labor bureau to procure the desired information, together with what the congressmen can glean themselves. This would prove a saving to the government of at least $100,000 and the results be equally as good.

LETTER FROM MARSHALLVILLE.

MARSHALLVILLE, May 12.—Farmers in this vicinity are busy planting corn... Prof Leisy and wife were in Wooster on Saturday... Misses Myrtle Keiffer, Edith Keck and Cora Lower attended the spring session of the tri-county teachers' institute held at Wooster on Friday and Saturday... Miss Sadie Hinderer spent Sunday with her parents at this place... H. L. Baer, formerly of this place, but now a resident of Akron, spent Sunday in our vicinity.. Miss Emma Slute went to Orrville on Saturday... Jacob Rehm was on our streets on Sunday... A grand entertainment will be held at Center college, district No. 3, next Friday and Saturday evenings. A drama entitled "Millie, the Quadroon," together with two farces, have been prepared for the occasion. The proceeds will be contributed to the fund to be used in the celebration of the one hundredth anniversary of the settlement of Wayne county. All are invited to attend.

FOREMAN GUENTHER TO LEAVE.

CRYSTAL SPRING, May 12.—Mr Jacob Guenther, the able foreman at Kopp's brewry, has bought a brewry in Laporte, Ind., and will soon leave to take charge of it. We are sorry to see so good a neighbor and citizen leave us and wish him success in his enterprise. Mr. Kopp has engaged an other man as foreman and we learn he is a very competent man too.

MRS. RAUSCH LOSES NO TIME.

MT. EATON, May 12.—Mrs. Jennie Rausch, of Mt. Eaton, Monday morning procured a divorce from Nicholas Rausch and walked from the court of common pleas to the probate court, where Andrew Byfoos was in waiting, and in a few minutes afterward were married. This is her third venture.

STANSBURY-OVERDORF.

WEST BROOKFIELD, May 11.—Clarence Stansbury and Miss Caroline Overdorf were married at the home of Mr. and Mrs William Ickes, Sunday evening, the Rev. Mr. Garland officiating.

DEATH OF J. D. LUCAS.

CANAL FULTON, May 11.—J. D. Lucas, aged 71 years, one of the best known residents of Lawrence township, died Friday night after several months' lingering sickness. He leaves a wife and six children, all of whom are married but one. Mr. Lucas was well known in Stark, Summit, Medina and Wayne counties, having taught music there for the past forty-five years.

MRS. DIEHL IS DEAD.

CRYSTAL SPRING, May 11.—Grandmother Diehl, of Crystal Spring, died this morning at 10 o'clock, at the advanced age of 85 years.

CRYSTAL SPRING LETTER.

CRYSTAL SPRING, May 13.—Five bicycle riders of this place rode to Wooster and back, Sunday.. At a regular meeting of Hart Post, of Massillon, A. W. Leonard, James A. Beitel and William Fashbaugh were appointed as a committee to decorate the graves in the Mudbrook cemetery on Decoration day... North Massillon mine is working about three and one-half days a week, while No. 1 and Hernbrook are running less than half time... It is rumored that there will be a wedding in the near future... Miss Alice Bell, the graceful bicyclist of Forty Corners, is often seen here enjoying a ride through town... The dance given in Pahlau's hall last Saturday night by Harry M. Platt was well attended. Music was furnished by the Dittle German band... Millport can boast of having fifteen bicycle riders at present and also three Farmer telephones.

NOTES FROM WILMOT.

WILMOT, May 13.—Clem Robinett had a two year old colt killed by attempting to jump a picket fence.

Rudy Nydegger has returned from a to California and other western states.

This week will nearly finish corn planting through this section.

A. Wilhelm is nearing his eighty-second birthday.

Leonard Malone visited his brother John at East Greenville recently.

Henry Barr, of Sugar Creek Falls, had a narrow escape at Justus last Friday. He was thrown from the track by a passenger engine and severely bruised.

Miss Mary Tschantz is employed in the family of C. W. Fisher.

Masons are laying the wall of Newcomers new house.

The Rev. J. W. Munk, of North Lima, preached in town Sunday morning.

Our neighboring villages, Winesberg and Mt Eaton, are being connected by telephone, and prospects are very good for a line from Wilmot to Winesberg soon.

YOUNG BLACK IS DEAD.

CANAL DOVER, May 13.—Later advice received here tonight states that young Black, who was injured at Elizabethtown, Ky., this morning, is dead.

MARRIED AT BEACH CITY.

BEACH CITY, May 13.—The marriage of Miss Clara Hollinger to Leo Camp, of Akron, took place at the U. B. parsonage, Tuesday, the Rev. T. L. Frye officiating. They will reside in Akron, where the groom is engaged in the piano and organ business.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

CAYLOR'S BALL GOSSIP

The "Phillies" Are Making Their Annual Spurt.

DELEHANTY'S GREAT BATTING.

The Lively Pace That the Pittsburgs Are Setting — Baltimores Mourn For McGraw—Providence May Be Settling Old Scores With the New Yorkers.

Philadelphia's baseball team is a great puzzle to its patrons and to the students of the game at large. It has been taking part in the National league championship contests for more than a dozen years, and, though several times it has looked like a winning factor, the pennant has yet to fly above its grounds. The Phillies are a peculiar set of players. They look dangerous at some period of the season every year, but never carry out their bluff. Last season they came with a rush at the end Seven weeks prior to the close of the race they occupied ninth place. Four weeks later they had jumped into third position, where they remained anchored.

This club has up to the present time started poorly and made a great spurt some time during the season—a spurt which,

DELEHANTY, THE GREAT BATSMAN.

however, did not last long enough to take it to the front, and whenever these winning streaks possessed it that familiar cry went up all along the line, "Look out for the Phillies." This year the warning comes at the very start. For the first time in the history of the club its team is playing winning ball during the opening weeks of the season, and ordinarily its friends would have high hopes of final success. But the well established precedent that a let down must come some time during the race gives its most sanguine friends a feeling of doubt. One conservative Quaker rooter remarked in my presence recently, "Yes, they look like winners now, but the season is young, and I suppose they'll land in their favorite position at third place."

The team is undoubtedly the heaviest batting collection of players ever seen together, and I do not except the famous Detroit aggregation of the eighties. Of the first seven batsmen in the League last year five belonged to this team, and three more came within the .300 class. It is in this that the team has excelled. It has failed solely during late years in its pitching department. Orth was added to the old corps last fall and helped to make that rush during the months of August and September, but this spring he has not been as effective. Should he fail to reach expectations, the club will probably flounder along once more under that discouraging handicap.

Delehanty, Thompson, Brouthers, Clements, Cross and Hallman make an array of batsmen who when lined up before a pitcher causes him to feel that life, after all, is a mighty serious thing. That big fellow, Delehanty, I consider the best batsman in the country. While he has never led the League, he keeps hovering around the top year after year and has twice fetched up a close second. Delehanty is a model athlete and an ideal ball player in all points of the game. Should any club be offered its pick of all the outfielders playing ball, every one of them, perhaps, would select Del.

The Pittsburg club is starting off in its usual pace at the head of the column. Here is another instance of historical precedent which deters enthusiasts in that city from filling up with confidence too early. Last year Manager Mack's men took the lead in the second week and held it until the first week in June. Then it hovered near the top till the middle of July, when by another spurt it went up head again and alternated with Cleveland till the middle of August, when the break came. About the time the Phillies were going to the front the Pittsburg team was dropping back with disheartening rapidity.

On the 6th of May last year they led with ten games won and only three lost. Their start this spring is equally good, if not better. The friends of the club claim that the team has been strengthened. If that is so, there should be considerable encouragement for the backers of the Pirates. But no "line" can be drawn upon any of the western teams until after the intersectional games—east in the west and west in the east—which are now in progress and which will end the middle of July.

A dangerous team, if it once gets into the lead, is the Boston. At this early date it looks as if that combination is going to be quite troublesome to other aspirants. Nichols is in better early spring form than I've ever known him show in May. It all depends upon the help which the other pitchers will give him.

The Baltimore champions are a disappointment so far to themselves and to their friends. They miss the services of Mugsy McGraw, who is slowly recovering from typhoid fever. He is the lacking ingredient necessary for their success. It may sound unreasonable to talk about the absence of one man from a nine preventing the winning of games, but there is no doubt about the costly loss to Baltimore in McGraw's case. Probably no player in the League is the "run getter" that he is. At the top of the Baltimore's batting column Mac was a powerful factor in the manufacture of that which is necessary to win games—runs.

"A gambler's luck" is an old expression. The theory exists that, when a gambler wins, good luck of astonishing character is constantly with him, but when he begins to lose ill luck follows him like an avenging fate. The same relationship of luck is well known to attach itself to baseball. When a team is in a "winning streak," its hits go between fields, its errors are not costly, mistakes of the umpire are usually in its favor, and few of its players get injured. But when a team strikes what is figuratively called the "toboggan," luck is sure to come in its most discouraging form. Every error costs runs; batsmen at critical stages drive liners right at the fielders, doubling up base runners; umpires' errors invariably do it harm, and its players are constantly getting hurt.

This well known feature of the game has once more been verified in the surprisingly bad start made this spring by the New York club. If one were inclined to be superstitious, he could easily believe that a punishing Providence has been repaying the unfortunate players on the New York team for some sins committed. The uncertainties of the game are surely enough to shatter weak minds.

I wonder whether baseball saves more brain fagged business men than it sends to the asylums for repairs. There's something to figure out. O. P. CAYLOR.

SPORTING MISCELLANY.

Recent researches into the birth of 16,000 foals show that 97 colts are born to every 100 fillies.

The University of Pennsylvania's football team for 1897 have already organized and are practicing daily.

The bicycle squad of Yale is considering the advisability of holding an intercollegiate race meet in July.

Maurice Haggestrom, professionally known as the Young Swede, wants to arrange a match with any good lightweight.

The breeders and exporters of horses in Ontario have formed an association to prevent the shipment of American live stock from Canadian ports.

In spite of The Field's declaration to the contrary, Howard Gould will race his 20 rater Niagara in all of the earlier English and Scotch regattas.

A wrestling match that took place recently at Liverpool, England, between Cannon and Pierre for the championship of the world resulted in a draw.

Advices from Europe state that George Banker, the American professional racing wheelman, is fast recovering his health and expects to race early in June.

Herreshoff is building a new half rater for a prominent New York yachtsman that will probably surprise the talent, as she will have a bat wing mainsail.

A team of five sharpshooters will represent the New Manhattan Athletic club in the international shooting matches to be held in Paris beginning July 13.

B. W. Claridge, champion wing shot of Maryland, has accepted the challenge of W. E. Hurst of Norfolk, champion of Virginia. The men will shoot at 100 live birds.

Clayton Haff, a son of Captain Hank Haff, will have charge of Cornelius Vanderbilt junior's 30 footer. Clayton Haff was sailing master of Mr. Vanderbilt's 46 footer Idlerein last year

WORKING FOR GOOD ROADS.

A Prominent Wheelman Who Has Done Much For the Cycling Craft.

There is nothing to which the wheelman is more ardently devoted than the cause of good roads, and that cause has nowhere a more enthusiastic champion than is Mr. Louis C. Jaquish, chief consul of the Illinois division of the League of American Wheelmen. He is at present engaged in a

LOUIS C. JAQUISH.

strong personal effort to secure the passage of a good roads law by the state legislature next winter, and his work will be continuous from now until that body convenes.

Mr. Jaquish has always taken an active interest in the racing branch of cycling and for that reason was appointed a member of the national racing board of the L. A. W. for this division on the recommendation of the wheelmen of the division. For years he has been chief consul of the state, which is good evidence that he fills the distinguished office most acceptably.

Buying a Bicycle.

An exchange furnishes some valuable and timely advice relative to the purchase of a wheel. Among other things it says:

"Weight is one of the most important things to be considered in buying a bicycle, because it involves so many others. The ordinary rider ought not to purchase an extremely light wheel. When the road leads over rough places, such as railroad crossings, a moderately heavy wheel gives one a feeling of security that cannot be enjoyed on a too lightly constructed machine. The latter bends and trembles and transmits its own vibration into the rider's frame in a way that causes a belief that the machine is going to collapse. On a wheel of ordinary weight all that feeling of insecurity is changed to one of ease. The ordinary weight bicycle feels rigid and strong under the rider, and only the heavier bumps are felt. For country riding advantage is assuredly with the medium weight wheel. It will stand a pounding and a thumping that would quickly wrench the very light machine out of shape."

Emperor William's Yacht.

Yachtsmen regard with much interest the building of Emperor William's yacht Meteor at Meadowside, Scotland. The craft is now about completed and is said to possess some very strong points. The Glasgow Citizen says of it: In the elements of design Mr. G. L. Watson has adopted slightly different proportions with respect to form to those existing in the Britannia and the Valkyrie III, and, although the utmost secrecy has been observed in the matter, the following dimensions of the new cutter are given: Length over all, 120 feet; length on water line, 88 feet 10 inches; beam, 25 feet 6 inches; draft, 16 feet 3 inches. The main boom is said to be of enormous length, and the sail area is close on 14,000 square feet. With regard to construction, the vessel is of composite build. The wood used for her sides from the keel up to the water line is American elm, while mahogany is used above this.

WHY DO WE DOTE?

Perhaps some sage can tell me, for, indeed, I'd like to know,
The secret of the titles that I hear where'er I go.
There's Brown, who studied medicine, attaining some renown,
Whose wife I hear referred to now as "Mrs. Dr. Brown."
What reason for the custom can the wise ones give to me?
Why not as well refer to her as "Mrs. Brown, M. D.?"

Because O'Shea is on the bench why should we always say,
In speaking of his charming wife, "There's Mrs. Judge O'Shea?"
Is she a judge by marriage? Was she wedded to the court?
There should be some good reason why the title she should sport.
If one should wed a justice, pray advise me, would she be
Entitled to be known by all as "Mrs. Jones, J. P.?"

If not, what reason can we give for speaking as we do
Of "Mrs. Major Cannonball" or "Mrs. Bishop Pew?"
Do titles go to families for use of ev'ry one?
And if they do, why aren't they used by daughter and by son?
Why not a "Miss Lieutenant Sharp?" Why not a junior too?
At least let's be consistent in the things we try to do.

—Chicago Post.

LOVE MY DOG.

Duffy was the property of Caldwell of the Tenth, and was looked upon in the light of an inheritance, having come down to him from Wentworth—of the same—when the latter had been ordered away.

Caldwell went into Wentworth's quarters at once and found Duffy rubbing up a pair of his ex-master's discarded boots, with a view to using them himself. He liked the man's looks, and he liked the condition of the vacated quarters, with their slate gray painted woodwork, so he took the quarters and agreed to take Duffy at a striker's usual rate of remuneration.

Duffy entered promptly upon his duties, and was entirely satisfactory. He had no incumbrances in the way of family or sweethearts, and he was faithful to a degree that was occasionally exasperating. For six months he served Caldwell in singleness of purpose, having in that time been incapacitated only for six days—that is, for 48 hours after each of the paymaster's visits, and Caldwell, knowing the ways of strikers, made no objection. Duffy slept uproariously in his rooms, and Caldwell made his own fires, and brushed his own clothes, and went with unblacked boots. In the interim no hour was too early for rising, none too late to sit up and keep logs on the andirons that the rooms might be warm and cheerful for the "leftinant," no duty imposed too arduous provided it served Caldwell's ends.

Blackstone, seeing the excellence of Duffy, departed from the strict code of honesty in the matter of servants which governs the army and made overtures to the model striker. Blackstone had no business to do it, and Duffy knew it, and a fine and inscrutable grin came upon his Hiberuian mouth.

Blackstone had said, with an assumption of off handedness, "Duffy, what do you get?"

Having due regard for his employer's credit in the world, he answered calmly, "Twinty dollars, sor."

"Get out!" said Blackstone.

"Yes, sor," replied Duffy.

"I want to know the truth, not lies like that."

"You'd best ask the leftinant, sor. I disremember."

"He works you deuced hard."

"Does he, then?"

"My man is no good. Suppose you come to me. You won't have to sit up to all hours for me,"

Duffy only smiled, but the smile was not pleasing.

"What do you think of it, Duffy?"

"I niver think, sor. The leftinant says I'm to do as I'm told and not think."

Upon this Blackstone went away, and Duffy saluted him respectfully. In justice to the officer's common sense, it must be said that it was only partial intoxication which could have led him to place himself in such a position toward a soldier.

Duffy did not repeat the conversation to Caldwell, because he knew it would make trouble between the two men, and Caldwell—whose disposition was not of the mildest—had several quarrels on his hands as it was.

The lieutenant fell into the habit of keeping the striker up very late, night after night, so Duffy inspected his pockets several times in succession while Caldwell was sleeping as soundly as if justice had been the soporific, and not, as was the case, sutler's whisky, and he judged, from the fact that sometimes there was much loose change and again almost nothing, that his master was playing too much at cards. There was nothing to be done. Duffy did not consider that his duties as striker included the moral guidance of his superior. He reflected that it would be a good thing if Caldwell should get married; only then he, Duffy, would very likely lose his place. So he sat up night after night, and it grew monotonous.

Just at this period there came into Duffy's life a yellow and white dog. Exactly why it should have wandered to the door upon one wet and freezing night, when Duffy was in a particularly weary frame of mind, and where it came from he never knew. It was well after midnight and Duffy was sprawled in a leather chair of the troop saddler's manufacture, dozing, with both ears open, when there came a scratching at the door. Duffy thought it was the lieutenant trying to find the knob. It had never been so bad as that yet; nevertheless the striker went and opened the door, to be rewarded by the sight of an extremely small and miserable dog, with piteous eyes.

Now, Duffy was only a soldier, and a soldier loves nothing on earth or in heaven as he does a cur. So Duffy called the dog in and warmed it and fed it and watched it with satisfaction beaming all over his face. It was spotted and dirty and wounded and woefully thin, but Duffy took it to his heart. He spent three nights before the fire, no longer lonely, contentedly trying to find a name for that dog. At last he determined to call it "Bessie," after the much admired daughter of the commanding officer and with a complete disregard for the entire inappropriateness of the name.

After he had settled this to his satisfaction he tried to discover accomplishments in the creature. "Here, Bessie, old boy. Set up now, set up. Can't you set up? Well, then, give us your paw, here, paw, paw, now. Can't you give us your paw? Well, then, lie down. Charge, charge, charge. Down, lie down, down. Can't you charge? Well, then, speak, speak, Bessie, s-p-e-a-k, speak now Wow! Speak." But Bessie could only follow him with his bright, curious eyes and come when called. So the solace of many more hours of patient waiting lay in teaching Bessie these and many other tricks until he was the most accomplished dog in all the garrison and greatly beloved at the barracks. Duffy was a little annoyed about the comment the inappropriate name called forth, but he insisted that it was as good as another, and the incongruity was soon lost in Bessie's popularity.

Caldwell saw the dog only on rare occasions. It staid in its master's room and slept on his bed and waxed fat in retirement. He had spoken to it several times, but otherwise took no notice of its existence, which secretly riled Duffy. But Caldwell was preoccupied and not quite himself. He came home a good deal the worse for wine one night, and Bessie, being in his way, got a kick that sent him crouching to his master's side. Caldwell might far better have kicked Duffy. However, the striker understood and sympathized with the lieutenant's condition. He himself could never have kicked a dog, even after pay day, but all men are not alike, so Duffy petted Bessie and shut him up in his own room and returned to look after the bodily comfort of his master.

This, considering the wine, was pardonable, but the next offense could not be condoned. It occurred in broad daylight, and Caldwell was sober. He had been having an explanation with the commanding officer, and that gentleman had made reflection upon some of the lieutenant's fast growing habits that had exasperated the already overworried junior almost beyond endurance. He strode into his quarters and found Duffy, who was not expecting him, dividing his attention between Bessie's charms and the buckle of his master's belt. Now, Bessie's disposition inclined him to forgive. He ran to Caldwell, looked up to his face with soft, affectionate eyes and put his little paws, one yellow and one white, upon his knee. Caldwell did not dare to kick the commandant, but he kicked Bessie—and broke the yellow paw. It was the one always held out to Duffy to greet him.

Duffy bandaged the paw, and in time it grew well. But Duffy hated Caldwell with the most dangerous of hatreds—a silent and a waiting one.

Caldwell's habits did not improve. His fondness for whisky, whether good or bad, continued. He had good whisky in his room, and Duffy knew it, for he belonged to the old school of strikers, who do not look upon cigars or liquor as private property.

One day, after Bessie's foot was well, Duffy went to get a drink, because his spirits were low. There was very little whisky in the decanter, barely half a glassful, and an idea suddenly flashed into the striker's mind. Caldwell was officer of the day. He never started to make the rounds without taking enough liquor to keep him warm, and Duffy knew it and saw his revenge laid bare.

The striker took Bessie for a walk over to the hospital to show the steward the mended paw.

"Say," said Duffy, "I've got the toothache. I didn't sleep none last night. Hev you got some—what's that you give me once? Laudanum, was it? Kin you let me hev a bit?"

"Why, yes. I guess so," the steward answered and went into the dispensary to get it.

"Shall I take all that?" inquired the striker, with sweet simplicity.

"Lord! No, man. Put some on cotton and stick it in the tooth."

"Oh, and what wud it do to me if I wuz to swallow it? Wud it kill me?"

"No, there ain't enough for that. It would put you pretty fast asleep, though."

"Oh!" said Duffy again.

Then Bessie went through his tricks for the steward and trotted back home at his master's heels

That night Caldwell finished the whisky in the decanter and grumbled that the sutler was selling him vile tasting stuff, then started off a little while afterward to make his rounds. The next day he was under arrest—for drunkenness on duty.

And Duffy, who had, with well played reluctance, given some of the most damaging testimony in regard to Caldwell's habits at the court martial, which dismissed the latter, said goodby to the disgraced man with a sparkle—which was not of tears—in his eyes, and he told Bessie to give the "leftinant the right paw," which was the yellow one. —Gwendolen Overton in San Francisco Argonaut.

Nice Man Evidently.

Wiggles—Do you know old Walker?

Waggles—Yes.

Wiggles—What sort of a man is he anyway?

Waggles—Well, if he wanted to marry my mother-in-law, I shouldn't have the least objection.—Somerville Journal.

A New Parisian Food.

Camel's flesh is the latest addition to the Parisian bill of fare, Algerian butchers undertaking to provide the supply. The meat is said to taste like beef, though white like veal. The hump is considered a great delicacy by the Arabs.

UNITED STATES SUPT.

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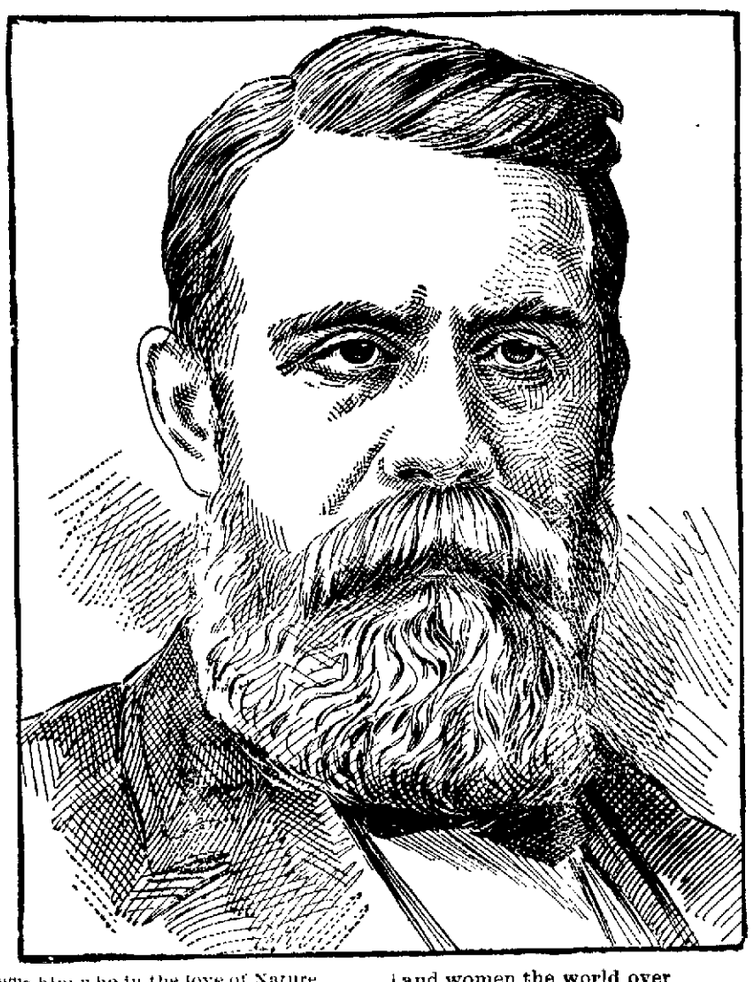

"To him who in the love of Nature
Holds communion with her visible form,
She speaks a various language"

No one has a deeper insight into nature's ways that the superintendent of the extensive botanic gardens of the United States at Washington.

No one knows so well as he what precious opportunities come with the spring.

Supt. Smith, like most scientific persons, firmly believes that every one would be benefited by taking a spring remedy while the blood is readiest to be purified and invigorated.

Paine's celery compound is the only genuine spring remedy worthy of that name in the opinion of Supt. Smith. He says:

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 4, '96

Gentlemen—The female members of my household are more than delighted with Paine's celery compound. I learn from other friends that its popularity is steadily growing It aids digestion, and in view of the prevalence of dyspepsia, it is one of the benefactions of the age.

Very respectfully,
Wm. R. Smith
Supt. U. S. Botanic Garden

Paine's celery compound is as far removed as the poles from the many trivial and unscientific preparations that call themselves spring remedies. It has earned the complete confidence of men and women the world over

It is exclusively employed in families where nothing short of the best of everything pertaining to health will do.

It has lived up to the most sanguine expectations of physicians who naturally look for extraordinary results from the discovery of so eminent a physician as Prof Edward E. Phelps, M. D., L. L. D., of Dartmouth medical school.

That Paine's celery compound does cure positively and permanently all diseases arising from impure blood or decline in the vigor of the nerves, is cheerfully attested by thousands of earnest men and women.

Weakness, depression, irritability, pain and languor tell that the nervous matter in the brain, nerves and spinal cord is not getting sufficient nourishment

To quickly furnish a fresh and abundant supply of nutriment for every tissue of the body is the purpose for which Paine's celery compound was first prepared. This rapid production of fresh nervous energy and pure blood was the aim of Prof. Edward E. Phelps's long study of the cause of nervous exhaustion.

The result of his life work was Paine's celery compound—this remarkable remedy that permanently cures diseases of the liver, kidneys and stomach. It is the greatest nerve regulator and blood purifier of this century.

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Send 24 cents and receive six spools of thread any color or number, together with four buttons for your lost one. Handy wrinkle and an instructive book about thread and sewing, Free.

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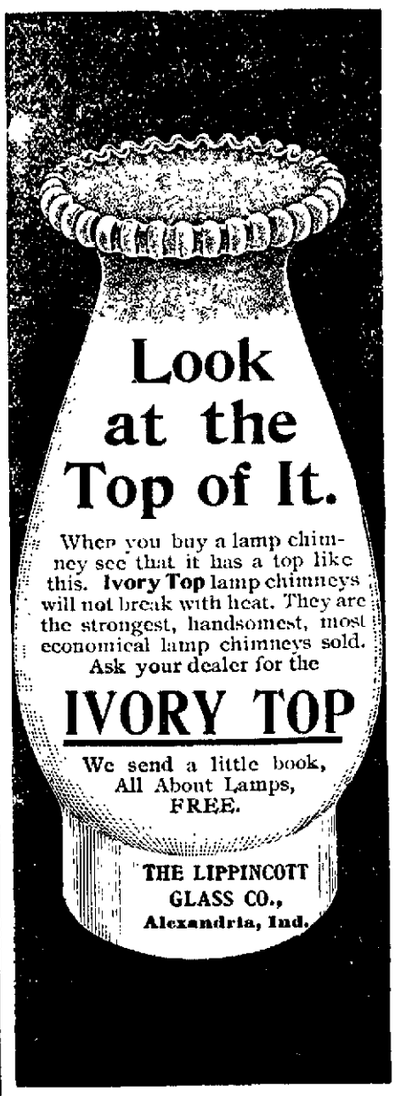
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Lookout for early re-inauguration of "SUNSET LIMITED" this fall.

ALSO FOR HOME SEEKERS.

The Southern Pacific Co. "Sunset Route" in connection with the "Queen and Cresent Route" are running the only line of through tourist Pullman Sleepers leaving Cincinnati every Thursday evening for Los Angeles and San Francisco.

These excursions are specially conducted, and the object is to enable those who do not care to buy first-class ticket, to enjoy a comfortable ride with sleeping car privileges and no change of cars, on the very low second-class rate ticket.

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NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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PETER, THE MUSCOVITE

The Most Savage Gentleman That Ever Lived.

CZAR, BRIGAND AND REFORMER.

Marvelous Energy of This Man of Force. Soldier, Shipbuilder and Sailmaker—How He Quelled a Revolt—Cut Off Eighty-four Heads With His Own Hands.

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X.

FIRST PASSAGES.

Czar Peter, the Muscovite, was without doubt the most savage gentleman that ever lived. In him the forces of barbarism and the forces of the civilized life were combined in perfect accord. In him violence and moderation were not separate moods, but two manifestations of the same character. His scowl and his smile were only the two sides of the same medallion. He could drink a pint of brandy at two swallows without making his eyes red. He could kill and make love in the same act without changing his coat. One time he wanted a German princess (Wilhelmina, sister of Frederick the Great, tells the story in her diary) to kiss him, and when she drew back and struggled he snatched out his sword and shouted, Kopf ab—"Cut your head off if you don't!"

Vainly do we strive to know how much history a great man makes. Old fashioned chroniclers would have us believe with their singsong philosophy that the hero is the creator of events. Thomas Carlyle could not free himself from the delusion that man—the individual—makes history. To him the great facts of the human drama seemed to proceed from the single wills of men—from Cæsar, from Charlemagne, from Cromwell, from Peter, from Bonaparte. It is easy to understand how the sage of Chelsea could believe in heroes. He who could seriously suggest that Robert Burns would have made a better war minister than William Pitt was capable of anything that might be struck from the diapason of absurdity.

Peter did not make Russia any more than Russia made Peter, or as much, but he was a great personal force. After the flesh he was the son of the Emperor Alexis—that is, he was Peter Alexievitch. The seventeenth century was threescore and twelve years old when he came. In that year Charles II and his cabal were in their heyday with a company of ladies dressed in scarlet and fine linen, but otherwise undesirable in society. In that year Nathaniel Bacon was elected to the Virginia council, and in that year old Berkley thanked God that there was not a free school or printing press in his province. The epoch was favorable to the apparition of just such an imperial brigand and reformer as Peter. The age solicited his coming as much as the thirteenth century had longed for Genghis Khan.

Peter was the youngest of eleven children. The Czarina Maria Miloslavska, first wife of Alexis, had eight children—six daughters and two sons. Feodor and the imbecile Ivan. Natalia Naruishkin, the second wife, had two daughters and one son—worth all the rest. There was thus a great group and a lesser group in the family of Alexis, and the lesser group was the greater, for it included Peter. Feodor, by the death of his father, came to the throne—if such a barbaric structure might be called a throne—in 1676, but he died in May of 1682, leaving a condition hard to understand.

By the imperial constitution Ivan, the eldest son surviving, was entitled to reign, but he could not, being a fool. Of the first six daughters of Alexis the middle one, Sophia, was the genius. She got herself declared regent for Ivan, but presently the strelzui, or faction of the old Russians, who had aided her in her conspiracy, tired of woman rule and supported Peter in equal rank with Ivan. Sophia put down the strelzui and cut off the heads of 30, but she deemed it prudent to keep Peter on the throne along with her own brother in order that she might manage them both.

The double throne which Sophia, the czaritza dowager, invented was not a figure of speech, but a literal fact. It exists to this day as a piece of old furniture among the royal rubbish of Moscow. It has two seats and a silken veil, behind which the czaritza was wont to sit out of sight. Looking at it, one is reminded of the Hindoo trinity. Ivan and Peter correspond to the Kami-Rati and Sophia to Siva, the Destroyer, behind the throne.

The Narnishkins, or faction of Peter's mother, gradually gained the upper hand, and the Miloslavskis, or faction of Ivan's mother, went to the wall. The law of evolution was illustrated in the high places of barbarism. In the case of Peter there were only two places which he might occupy and find a stable equilibrium—the gallows and the throne. Between the two extremes there was no middle ground.

The education of the boy czar was something past finding out. He would obey nobody. His intelligence was as quick as his will was perverse and irresistible. From childhood he was a terror to all opposition. He took naturally to drums and muskets and wanted to see the ocean. A German named Zotof, a man of neither rank nor character, was Peter's tutor. He fixed up some kind of colored prints representing the few countries and facts with which he was acquainted, and with this lurid device taught Peter history. In after years the czar, in sarcastic revenge, conferred on old Zotof the honorary degree of archpope of fools—a degree that ought to have been perpetuated.

Early in life the boy learned something of his great ancestor, Ivan the Terrible, and would fain imitate his career. From his master he got a smattering of Latin, German and Dutch. Disgusted with the school business, the young barbarian turned himself into the streets of Moscow, gathered about him a band of juvenile outlaws, mostly foreigners, and took the town.

Perhaps at that time the old Muscovite capital was the most profligate and debauched place in the world. Peter going about by night found opportunity to become acquainted with his subjects and mankind. There were in Moscow adventurers from nearly all the countries of western Europe. The czar knew these in his teens. He got Boris Galitsin as a sort of special director, with the understanding that he was never to flatter his pupil. At the house of Count Dolgorouki, Peter first saw an astrolabe and perceived the possibility of navigating the seas by star charts. He learned the European method of drill and formed his companions into a battalion. At the villa of Ismailof he was shown an English boat and was surprised to learn that it would sail against the wind. Peter's mother, Natalia, had a superstitious dread of the water. She would not even cross the bridge of a small stream. But this maternal hydrophobia worked the other way with her son.

As Peter came to his majority he cleared his way. He had already driven the regent Sophia into exile. To his half brother Ivan he paid little attention. After the mother of Ivan was immured in the Dievitchi monastery the imbecile son was neglected until the year 1696, when he died. Peter, however, had already surprised his mother and mankind with his audacity. In the year of his majority he made his first venture into the open world. With a suit of more than 100 he set out across 400 miles of the most forbidding country on the earth to Archangel. There he first saw the sea. There the first Russian dockyard was built under his hand. There the first Russian ship sailed under the Muscovite flag to a foreign port. There the czar became "the skipper Peter Alexievitch." There, sailing five days from shore and steering the ship himself, he was about to be wrecked, when an old sailor, Antip Panof, pushed him aside at the risk of his life, took the rudder and got safely to port. It was doubtful whether Peter would kill him or make him an admiral.

Soon the czar began the organization of the Russian army. At the same time he became a bombardier in the ranks, for he would begin everything at the bottom and learn it himself. He became inspired with the purpose of getting a Russian seaboard and of bringing his empire into the family of nations. With this end in view he undertook his first foreign expedition for the conquest of the sea of Azov. Having no fleet, the expedition failed at first, but Peter planted himself on the Don, put 26,000 men at work and built the first Russian fleet.

From that day forth there was war before him and conspiracy behind. Azov was blockaded and taken. The news spread everywhere, and as far west as Warsaw the people shouted, "Long life to the czar!" The first plot to assassinate him was made by the Miloslavskis, but they were detected, seized, dismembered and beheaded. The suppression of the insurrection gave opportunity to Peter to begin his travels and to enter on his career as ship carpenter, gunner, microscopist and statesman incognito in western Europe.

In his twenty-fifth year the czar set out for Holland. He became "Mr. Peter Mikhailof." His double character of mastmaker and emperor presents for the ensuing year one of the prime humors of history. At Saardam the czar got himself into a carpenter's coat and apron and went to work with his ax. Nobody could strike such blows or learn so quickly. He was presently recognized and went to Amsterdam, where he continued to hew ship masts, make sails, study with a microscope and learn the details of fishery. He also became a student of fleets and navies and of naval laws and treaties. He went about incognito, rode unobserved in a procession given at The Hague to his own embassadors, and having exhausted his opportunities as carpenter set out for England. There shipbuilding had been reduced to a science.

The czar spent three months in London and the neighboring towns and was entertained at the expense of the state. King William committed him and his fellows to the care of Sir John Evelyn, the landscape gardener and diarist, whose country seat of Sayes Court the Russians turned into a bear garden. Sir John could not endure the ruin of his premises and remained in London. His lodgekeeper wrote to him: "The house is full of people, and they are right nasty. The czar lies next your library and dines in the parlour next your study. He dines at 10 o'clock in the morning and 6 o'clock at night. * * * The king is expected this day. The best parlour is pretty clean for him to be entertained in. The king pays for all the czar has." After Peter and his suit went away parliament had to give Sir John £40,000 with which to repair damages.

In returning to Russia, Peter traversed the continent, stopping at the capitals. The news was such as to urge him on from place to place. The old Russian strelzui had revolted against him. They were offended at his foreign sympathies and progress. Arriving in Russia, he crushed them under his heel. Two hundred and thirty of the old nobles were brought in carts to the capital, and others rapidly followed. In seven days fully 1,000 were executed. The conspirators were tortured, broken on the wheel, dismembered, beheaded. The czar entered personally and with great relish into the work, cutting off in one day 84 heads for his part of the task. His training as a hewer of masts made him terrible as a headsman. The nobles of his court were summoned to witness his work. Every time Peter cut off a head they drank to his health and he to theirs. For five months the broken skeletons of the strelzui were left hanging from the battlements and gibbets. The czar was laying the foundations of modern Russia.

JOHN CLARK RIDPATH.

TWO SNAKE STORIES.

TOLD BY A GENTLEMAN WHO IS AWAY UP IN SERPENTOLOGY.

Snakes That Should Not Be Killed—How the Black Snake Hunts and Captures Its Food—Rescuing a Ship From a Python Who Had Calmly Taken Possession.

"Sit down and sharpen your pencil, while I overhaul my mental shelves," remarked Mr. Thompson, curator of the zoological collection in the park, in answer to a request for some snake stories. "Before giving you some of my experiences I want to enter a protest against the indiscriminate slaughter of our common harmless snakes, such as the black snake, garter snake and the like. Every farmer should protect them, for they are beneficial, instead of being harmful, as is generally supposed by a large majority of humanity. Any naturalist will tell you that the food of the black snake consists largely of rats, mice, etc., while that of the garter snake is principally insects, such as grasshoppers, caterpillars, etc.

"Now for some of my experiences. In my younger days I was crossing Ashby's gap, over the Blue Ridge, Virginia, in company with an uncle of the famous Black Horse Cavalry Ashby. We were making a portion of the ascent through quite a deep cut, when our attention was attracted by a toad, which rolled instead of hopped down the side slope. Ashby pulled up the horse and said, 'There's a black snake after that fellow.' An instant after the snake thrust his head through the fence, and on observing us drew back. In the meanwhile the toad had gathered himself together, and was hopping at a lively gait up the road. Ashby remarked, 'Now I will show you something,' and sprang out of the buggy and caught the toad, which he carried a short distance and released. Returning, he turned the buggy and drove back down the road some 50 steps, when we alighted and tied the horse. Climbing over the fence on the opposite side of the road to that on which the snake had made his appearance we stealthily worked our way up until we came in sight of the point where he was first seen. Lying down in the long grass and peering through the rails, we did not have to wait long before the snake reappeared.

"He looked about for a few seconds, and then descended the slope down which the toad had rolled, and followed his trail up the road. On coming to the spot where it had been picked up, he began to circle, precisely as a dog would act on losing the scent. He gradually increased the size of his circles until he struck the spot where the toad had been put down, when he made a bee line after it. We leaped into the road and hurried after his snakeship, who as soon as he discovered that he was being followed turned up the slope and squirmed out of sight through the fence. Ashby said, 'I am sure you are satisfied now that a black snake hunts by scent.'

"Now I shall have to take you out to South Africa. I lived in Durban, Natal, which is about 1,000 miles around the Cape of Good Hope, up toward Madagascar. One morning I received a note from the port captain, asking me to come down to the harbor with all possible dispatch, as a python had taken possession of a German brig and I was wanted to capture it. Taking one of my keepers with me, I hurried down, and found quite a crowd on the jetty, among which was the crew of the brig. On inquiry I learned that there had been a shower during the night, and in the morning the mate had ordered one of the men to go aloft and shake out the sails, in order to dry them. He started up, and on reaching the maintop turned and came down on the clean run. The tar was instantly ordered to hades and numerous other places, while the valiant mate started aloft to attend to matters on his own hook. No sooner did his head get on a level with the top than he came down at a gait which far excelled that of the disobedient sailor. He instantly raised the alarm, and the entire crew lost no time in getting on shore and spreading the report that the rigging was full of the biggest kind of snakes.

"With the assistance of the port captain's binoculars I had no difficulty in making a critical examination of the entire upper works of the vessel, which was anchored about 100 yards from the shore. The result was one large python, coiled around the laps of the main and topmast. Borrowing a sack, I managed, after much persuasion, to get two of the crew to pull myself and keeper off to the brig, where they left us and turned back to the jetty. I unrove the flag halyards, made a noose in one end of them and hunted around until I found a stout piece of reed some six or eight feet in length. Climbing up the shrouds, I make my attack through the lubber's hole by punching his snakeship with the reed, to the end of which I had tied the noose. He put his head down through the hole for the purpose of fighting me, when he was instantly noosed around the neck and the halyards made fast to the ratlines. In his violent efforts to effect a release he drew back with such force as rapidly to choke himself into insensibility. Calling to the keeper to hold the mouth of the sack open, I watched until I thought he was nearly at his last gasp, when I squirmed up on the top, loosened his coils around the masts, lowered him into the sack, when the keeper immediately cut the noose. By the time that I reached the deck he had nearly recovered from his severe wind stoppage. I gently opened the mouth of the sack to have a good look at him and discovered from his bloated appearance that he had recently partaken of a hearty meal. On the arrival of the crew on board it was discovered that the captain's fox terrier was missing. I therefore concluded that the python, in swimming across the harbor, had struck the vessel's hawser, up which he had crawled on to the deck, swallowed the dog and gone aloft to digest his meal."—Buffalo Commercial.

Nervous Prostration

Cured by Dr. Miles' Nervine.

Prolonged derangement of the nervous system not only affects the brain and mental powers, but develops disease in some of the vital organs. The most dangerous of these indirect results is when the heart is affected. This was the case of the Rev. N. F. Surface, Fawn River, Mich., who writes under date of Feb. 14, 1896:

"Fourteen years ago I had a slight stroke of paralysis. Overwork brought on nervous prostration. I was exceedingly nervous and the exertion of public speaking caused heart palpitation that threatened my life. I used two bottles of Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure for my heart trouble, and two of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine for my nervousness and feel better than I ever expected to feel again. I can speak for hours without tiring or having my heart flutter as it formerly did, and I have you to thank that I am alive today."

On sale by all druggists. Dr. Miles' Book on Heart and Nervous Disorders FREE by mail. Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Remedies Restore Health

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Steamers "City of Buffalo," (new) "State of Ohio" and "State of New York."

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Ar Buffalo, 7:30 A. M. | Ar Cleveland, 7:30 A. M.

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W. F. HERMAN, Gen'l Pass. Agt. T. F. NEWMAN, Gen'l Manager
CLEVELAND, O

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Massillon, O.

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THE INDEPENDENT CO

MASSILLON. O.

TRAVELER'S REGISTER

Tra'us Arrive and Depart on Central Standard. Time.

Wheeling & Lake Erie R. R.
Taking effect Dec. 8, 1895.

Going East.	No. 1.	No. 3	No. 5	No. 7
	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	
Toledo.....Lv	7 55	1 05	7 45	.....
Oak Harbor	8 49	2 07	8 48	.....
Fremont.....	9 15	2 34	9 09	.....
Clyde.....	9 31	2 50	9 25	.....
Bellevue.....	9 44	3 10	9 45	.....
Monroeville,.....	9 58	3 27	10 07	.....
Norwalk.....	10 13	3 41	10 21	.....
Wellington,.....	11 05	4 35	11 10	.....
Spencer.....	11 20	4 51	11 25	.....
Lodi.....	11 38	5 08	11 44	.....
Creston,.....	11 50	5 30	12 01 a	.....
Orrville,.....	12 17 p	6 11	12 33	a. m.
Massillon.....	12 50	6 50	1 10	5 30
Navarre.....	1 28	.....	5 47	5 47
Valley Jct.....	2 05	.....	6 25	6 35
Canal Dover.....	2 40	.....	.....	.....
Marietta.....	7 05	.....	.....	.....
Sherrodsville.....	2 30	.....	7 00	7 00
Bowerston,.....	2 45	.....	7 14	7 14
Scio.....	3 01	.....	7 29	7 29
Jewett.....	3 15	.....	7 44	7 44
Dillonvale.....	4 09	.....	8 39	8 "
Warrenton.....	4 25	.....	8 55	8 55
Brilliant.....	4 52	.....	9 37	9 37
Mingo Jct.....	5 00	.....	9 45	9 45
Steubenville.....	5 10	.....	9 55	9 55
Martin's Ferry..	4 53	.....	9 28	9 28
Wheeling.....	5 06	.....	9 40	9 40

Going West.	No. 6	No. 8	No. 2	No. 4
	a. m.	p. m.	..	....
Wheeling.....	8 30	6 30	...	.....
Martin's Ferry...	8 42	...	...	.....
Steubenville,....	8 15	...	...	.....
Mingo Jct.....	8 25	...	...	.....
Brilliant.....	8 33	...	...	.....
Warrenton,.....	9 15	...	...	.....
Dillonvale.....	9 32	7 ...	...	.....
Jewett.....	10 25	8 3	...	.....
Scio.....	10 39	8 47	...	.....
Bowerston,.....	10 53	9 05	...	.....
Leesville.....	...	...	...	.....
Sherrodsville....	11 08	9 22	...	.....
N. Cumberland..	.....	...	...	.....
Valley Jct.....	11 30	9 50	...	.....
Navarre.....	12 12 p	10 30	a. m.	a. m.
Massillon.....	12 50	10 50	4 20	9 00
Orrville,.....	1 23	4 58a	4 58	9 42
Creston.....	2 05	5 45	5 45	10 15
Lodi.....	2 21	6 02	6 02	10 32
Spencer.....	2 38	6 19	6 19	10 50
Wellington,.....	2 55	6 34	6 34	11 05
Norwalk.....	3 53	7 23	7 23	12 10 p
Monroeville,..	4 05	7 34	7 34	12 22
Bellevue,.....	4 18	7 50	7 50	12 40
Clyde.....	4 30	8 05	8 05	1 03
Fremont.....	4 44	8 28	8 28	1 19
Oak Harbor	5 04	8 49	8 49	1 42
Toledo..... Ar	6 00	9 45	9 45	2 40

Huron Division.

From Norwalk	No. 10	From Huron...	No. 9
	a. m.		p. m.
Norwalk ...Lv	5 35	Huron..... ...Lv	5 30
Milan.....	6 00	Milan.....	6 03
Huron..... Ar	6 30	Norwalk... Ar	6 25

*Daily.—Trains Nos. 2 and 9 daily.)
†Daily except Sunday.
‡Sunday only.

JAMES M. HALL, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

The Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling Ry., Co
Time table in effect Nov. 24, 1895

North Bound	No. 4	6	8	2
Central Standard	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	a. m
Bellaire.....	6 00	12 26	3 40	.....
Bridgeport.....	6 16	12 40	4 06	.....
Uhrichsville.....	8 10	*2 33	6 00	5 20
New Philadelphia....	8 28	2 53	6 17	5 38
Canal Dover.....	8 36	3 00	6 24	5 47
Strasburg.....	8 49	3 13	6 38	5 57
Justus.....	9 05	3 30	6 55	6 14
Massillon.....	9 26	3 46	7 10	6 30
Warwick.....	9 50	4 10	.....	6 54
Sterling.....	10 12	4 33	.....	7 16
Medina.....	10 37	5 00	.....	7 44
Lester	10 50	5 44	2 03	8 27
Grafton	11 07	6 08	2 21	8 42
Elyria.....	11 21	6 21	2 36	9 00
Lorain.....	11 35	6 35	2 50	9 15
Lester Junc.....	10 49	5 15	.....	7 56
Cleveland	11 50	*6 16	...	9 00

South Bound.	1	3	7	
Valley Depot.	a. m.	p. m.	a. m.	p. m.
Lv. Cleveland.....	*7 20	1 00	.....	4 35
Lester Junc.....	8 22	2 00	.....	5 35
Lorain	7 06	1 06	9 50	4 10
Elyria.....	7 15	1 19	10 06	4 25
Grafton.....	7 32	1 36	10 21	4 42
Lester.....	8 22	2 00	10 46	5 39
Medina.....	8 31	2 09	.....	5 46
Sterling.....	8 57	2 36	.....	6 17
Warwick.....	9 21	2 58	.....	6 40
Massillon.....	9 47	3 22	6 30	7 10
Justus.....	10 02	3 39	6 46	7 26
Strasburg.....	10 20	3 59	7 03	7 44
Canal Dover.....	10 30	4 09	7 16	7 57
New Philadelphia....	10 42	4 17	7 28	8 08
Uhrichsville.....	*11 25	4 52	7 44	8 25
Bridgeport.....	1 22	6 50	9 50	.....
Bellaire.....	1 37	7 05	10 10	.....

Passengers between Bridgeport, Martins Ferry and Wheeling take Wheeling Railway Street Car.

*Daily, between Cleveland and Uhrichsville only. Other trains daily except Sunday.

Leave St. Clairsville for Bellaire 7:30 a. m 11:55 a.m., 3:05 p m, St. Clairsville for Bridgeport 5:25 p.m. Leave Bellaire for St. Clairsville 6:55 a. m., 1:15 p. m. Bridgeport to Bellaire 6:25 a. m.

For any information regarding our trains apply to any C. L. & W. ticket agent.

W. R. WOODFORD, Gen'l. Manager.

M. G. CARREL, Gen'l. Passenger Agent. Cleveland, O.

Pittsb'gh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Div

Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time

Westward.	9	3	15	1	11
	AM	PM	PM	AM	PM
Pittsb'gh Lv.	*7 00	1 10	*6 00	5 00	*5 00
Beaver Falls "	8 05	2 29	7 05	6 15	5 49
Columbiana "		3 38		7 28	
Leetonia "	9 12	3 45		7 35	
Sheuu .. .... "	9 25	4 00	8 09	7 50	6 37
Alliance { AR.	9 50	4 30	8 30	8 20	6 55
Alliance { Lv.	9 55	4 40	8 30	8 20	PM
Maxino .. "		4 55		8 37	
Louisville .. "		5 05		8 49	
Canton "	10 26	5 22	9 02	9 05	
Massillon "	10 35	5 40	9 15	9 22	
Lawrence "		5 52		9 37	
Burton City.. "		6 00		9 44	
Orrville "	11 01	6 03	9 41	9 55	
Smithville "		6 26		10 10	
Wooster "	11 16	6 31	10 03	10 22	
Shreve "		6 50		10 44	
Mt Prairie.. "		6 51		10 50	
Cadiz Jct "		7 01			
Londonville "		7 11			
Lexington "		7 23			
Ashland "					
Crestline "					
Galion "					
Bucyrus "					
Forest "					
Findlay "					
Arlington "					
Kenton "					
Dola "					
Lima "					
Delphos "					
Ft. Wayne ar					
Ft. Wayne Lv.					
Leo "					
Auburn "					
Waterloo "					
Pleasant Lake "					
Orland "					
Angola "					
Pinhook "					
Fremont "					
Toledo ar					

	23	5	1	6	
	AM	PM	PM	AM	
Pittsb'gh Lv.	*7 30	*3 01	*1 00	2 45	
Rochester "	9 15	4 32	1 35	4 01	
Brewster "	10 38	5 45	2 58	5 00	
Orrville "	11 30	6 26	3 53	5 39	
Ft. Wayne ar	12 50	7 35	5 23	6 52	
Ft. Wayne Lv.	2 18	8 4	6 40		32
Leo "	3 15	9 30	7 45	8 30	
Auburn "	5 19	11 19	9 55	0 09	AM
Waterloo "	10 11	55	10 35	10 50	4 45
Pleasant Lake "	6 40	12 20	11 00	11 15	5 10
Orland "	6 51			11 28	5 23
Angola "	7 09			11 41	5 36
Pinhook "	7 18			11 51	5 42
Fremont "	7 30			12 03	5 52
Clyde "	7 33			12 12	5 56
Bellevue "	7 41			12 20	6 04
Monroeville "	8 03	1 22	12 14	12 42	6 25
Norwalk "	8 15			12 55	6 36
Wellington "	8 37				6 57
Spencer "	8 45			1 30	7 05
Lodi "	9 03	2 07	1 03	1 46	7 20
Litchfield "	9 29	2 29	1 21	2 05	7 37
Creston "	9 35			2 20	7 50
Doylestown "	9 45			2 32	8 01
Alliance { ar	10 00	3 05	1 55	2 55	8 15 AM
Alliance { Lv.	10 08	3 07	2 00	3 15	8 15 *9 35
Limaville "	10 30	3 30	2 31	3 40	8 45 9 53
Bayard "	10 45		2 47	3 50	8 56
Cumberland "	10 54		2 55		9 04
Lake "	11 58	4 45	4 00	4 45	10 42 10 41
Pittsb'gh ar	1 15	5 50	5 10	5 45	12 15 11 30
	A M	A M	P M	P M	P M A M

*Except Sunday. ‡Meals.
†Flag Stop.

At Orrville connection is made with C. A. & C. Ry. train for Cleveland by **Nos. 6, 8, 35**. At Columbus by **Nos. 4, 6, 9, 15, 20, 31**. At Mansfield **Nos. 3** and 9 connect at Mansfield with trains over the Toledo Division for Fremont and Toledo. **Nos. 1** and 8 connect at Galion for Niles and Youngstown.

JOSEPH WOOD, General Manager. E. A. FORD, General Passenger Agent.

PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains, apply to any Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.

The Cleveland Terminal & Valley R. R.
Taking Effect November 24, 1895.

North Bound.	No. 14.	No. 4.	No. 8.	No. 10.
	*	*	†	*
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Massillon..	7 30	7 30	11 30	3 39
Canton ..	8 32	8 15	PM 12 32	4 14
Akron ...	9 22	9 05	1 33	5 04
Cleveland.	10 10	10 10	2 55	6 30

South Bound.	No. 1	No. 3	No. 5.	No. 15
	*	*	†	*
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Cleveland	7 10	11 00	3 15	6 30
Akron. ...	8 27	PM 12 03	4 25	7 31
Canton	9 41	1 08	5 36	8 40
Massillon.	10 10	1 40	6 10	9 10

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.
Ticket office, C. H. Rudolph's Jewelry Store No. 21 East Main street.

CANTON-MASSILLON ELECTRIC R. R.

Cars depart on standard time.

Regular trains between Massillon and Canton leave from city park hourly, from 5:30 o'clock a. m. to 10:30 o'clock p. m. Trains returning leave Canton on the half hours from 5:30 o'clock a. m. until 10:30 o'clock p. m.

F. H. KILLINGER, Gen. Agt. Massillon, O

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THURSDAY, MAY 14, 1896

Wm. J. Millard, who now lives at Knoxville, Ia., in a friendly note to THE INDEPENDENT says: "We are having very dry weather here now, and times are somewhat hard and dull, but we are cheered and buoyed up by the realization of the fact that this infernal and unprosperous Democratic administration is so near its ending and must be succeeded by a patriotic and American administration under the leadership of the level headed Wm. McKinley." Which goes to show that there is one Hawkeye who is not committed to Allison.

General Alger has just pushed into New York where he said: "I have just come from Gov. McKinley's home, and he greatly deplores the opposition to him by the Eastern Republicans. He is fully aware that this opposition springs from a demand that he should come out and signify himself to be a sound money man. As a matter of fact, though, the silver men are making the same demands on him to come out and declare himself for them. He must remain silent until the platform is adopted at St Louis. In that platform, in my judgment, will be a sound money plank, meaning sound money, and there will be no subterfuge and no straddle, whether McKinley is nominated or not. McKinley, in my opinion, is to be nominated on the first ballot. Confidence will be restored, and confidence is the great factor in starting up business."

MR. PLATT'S CLAIM.

The difference between the claims of Mr. McKinley's friends and those of the opposition is, that while the former give figures in detail for the faith that is in them, the latter set up their unsupported statement. For instance, THE INDEPENDENT sent a telegram today to Mr T. C. Platt, of New York, asking him whether he was prepared to concede the claim that Mr. McKinley had a majority of delegates. He answered promptly as follows:

"NEW YORK, May 11.—The claim is preposterous. To nominate him would require everyone of the long list of contested delegates, and more, too.
"T. C PLATT."

Thus it will be seen that the field has only a forlorn hope at best. It has no definite notion of its own strength, and seems to rely mainly upon the contested seats, leaving the inference that Mr. McKinley's contestants are going to have hard work to get into the convention under any circumstances. In strong contrast to this position is the bulletin issued by Mr. H. H. Kohlsaat, of Chicago, Mr. McKinley's friend, who describes the situation thus:

McKinley	512	Allison	35
Reed	103	Bradley	16
Morton	58	Unpledged	48
Quay	57	To be elected	93
Total number of delegates			922
Necessary to a choice			462
McKinley's vote to date			512
McKinley's majority			50

THE INDEPENDENT has only to say that there is nothing in Mr. Platt's telegram to this paper, or in the facts back of it, to occasion any disquietude. His contribution is merely interesting as coming from him.

M'KINLEY'S RELIGION.

A friend in Hartford, Conn., sends THE INDEPENDENT this clipping from the Waterbury American of Saturday:

"We wonder if Candidate McKinley will feel sure of enough of his nomination to stay at home from church tomorrow. His managers have been working the Sunday racket with considerable skill, and the Monday papers are apt to tell the manner of his entrance and departure from church and his behavior during the sermon. Last Sunday, as will be remembered, he dusted the tops of his patent-leather shoes with his pocket handkerchief, before 'gathering up his cane and easily, unostentatiously and decorously moving down the aisle and walking to his home, occasionally bowing pleasantly to admiring towns people who gathered in crowds to see him go by.' We think it safe for him to skip a Sunday if he pleases, now."

It is gratifying to read the rejoinder of the Hartford Courant, which, remarking upon the bad taste of the Waterbury paper, says:

"The insinuation that his churchgoing has had a political motive—that it is now 'safe for him to skip a Sunday'—is discreditable in the last degree to the Waterbury paper, but it will not hurt William McKinley. Not a bit. The people of this country, even those of them who are not themselves religious, have an abiding respect for religion. They liked President Grant all the better for being regularly in his pew in the Metropolitan Methodist church on Sunday. They liked President Hayes all the better for being regularly in his pew in the Foundry Methodist church on Sunday. The fact that President Garfield had been a lay preacher did not injure him at all in their estimation. President Arthur was an Episcopalian, Mr. Blaine a Congregationalist; neither suffered in his public career by the practice of his religion. President Harrison, before his election, was one of the elders of his home church, and he had family prayers in the White House as regularly as in his private residence in Indianapolis."

No more need be said. Out here in Ohio we understand McKinley. Whatever he may be, he is not a hypocrite. In his personal life he walks according to his own convictions, and permits no question of political expediency to come between him and what he believes to be the right of the private American citizen.

THE CANAL QUESTION.

The monumental inability of the Cleveland Leader to state the canal question with any kind of fairness or intelligence is really discreditable to a newspaper of such standing. It indulges in the following observations this morning:

"We believe in canals that connect large waterways which can be used by the same class of vessels. Those are canals which supplement and complete the work of nature. They have a direct and obvious mission to perform. They fill a natural and not an artificial want.

"In a subordinate and minor sense, we believe in the small canals which are already open and which serve as a check upon railroad rates, as well as modest highways of commerce on their own account. These canals may not be so useful that it would be reasonable or for the highest good of the greatest number to build them today They may be no longer the necessities that they were in past conditions. But since the state has them they ought to be use to the best advantage. Their work is not ended They still serve the people.

"We do not believe in ship canals from a place where ships can be sailed to a place where they would have no water to turn around in, so to speak, if they ever reached it We do not think it would be wise or prudent for the general government of for the state of Ohio to spend money needed for many things of less doubtful profit and utility for the construction of canals extending practically back from the great lakes into the inland country, where there could be no use for lake vessels of a good class. Money is too scarce in the public treasuries for such experiments."

Is it possible that the Leader does not know, after over two years of agitation, that nobody has ever seriously asked for the construction of canals "for lake vessels of a good class?" Has not the Leader yet discovered that what we want is simply the enlargement of the canals now in use, and for which the Leader professes a mild and safe form of friendship, so that they may be navigated by something more formidable than mud turtles? We want a highway capable of floating steel canal boats, such as now ply profitably between Lorain and New York. We want a cheap outlet to the lakes for our coal. The existing canals do not serve as a check upon railroad rates because they are almost useless.

RUFUS HILL'S PREDICTION.

Remembering how recently the Pennsylvania Company sent its engineers to Massillon to investigate the matter of applying electricity to the Massillon & Cleveland branch—a project concerning which no later information has been elicited, the statements of Rufus Hill, one of the master mechanics of the Pennsylvania railroad, are especially interesting. He predicts that within five years electricity will be used as the motive power on the greater part of the Pennsylvania system. Mr. Hill has been sent to New York to investigate the latest electrical developments as applied to railway service and has made the following statement:

"Last summer the Pennsylvania made their initial experiment in the use of electricity on an established steam line from Burlington to Mount Holly, in New Jersey. The success of this experiment was quickly seen to be beyond question. Within a month after the equipment was completed the time schedule was made at a rate of over sixty miles an hour, with frequent trains. The service has been found to be far superior to anything known in the steam railway practice, and the economy in operation has been more than we expected. An electric locomotive has been applied not merely to the haulage of trains, but to all the switching service in the yards and the various kinds of service of that nature. The Pennsylvania, as it is known, has an innumerable number of branches from the main line which have been seriously affected during the last few years by the completion of the trolley lines in the various towns. They have, in many instances, taken away 50 per cent of our business, and we were absolutely forced to adopt electricity ourselves—at least on these shorter lines.

"We believe that every difficulty has been overcome, and while we do not any of us care to make predictions which might seem rash to the general public, we believe that inside of five years the greater part of the entire Pennsylvania Railroad system will be operated by electric locomotives in place of steam.

"One of the serious drawbacks up to this date in the application of electricity on trunk lines has been the question of transmission of power. About fifteen miles has been considered the limit of economical transmission, and this, of course, would necessitate the establishing of power houses every thirty miles over our entire system. The interest of the investment necessary for these power houses would have been prohibitive. Now we see that Tesla has perfected a system of transmission, which we think will be easily applied to trunk line service, and Mr. Westinghouse tells us that he is confident that his company will soon have an alternating current motor practically adapted for street railway or steam service. With the perfection of the alternating current motor, all obstacles which have stood in our way have been removed. The success in the transmission of Niagara's current to New York has opened to us such a field as we scarcely supposed was within our reach. There are vast heaps of culm scattered along the line of the Pennsylvania road, of no commercial value, but which will produce an almost exhaustless quantity of electrical energy."

Notice.

Everybody indebted to George Heyman please call and settle before the first of June. All claims not settled before then will be given for collection.

GEO. HEYMAN.

BIG RAILWAY PLANS.

The W. & L. E. and Its Expanding Future.

RAILROAD MEN COME TO TOWN.

A Supposition Grounded on Some Reasonable Premises, that Massillon Will Soon be the Central Point on a New Trunk Line—Physical Improvements.

Owing to the sickness of President Blair, of the Wheeling & Lake Erie, it was impossible to obtain to lay the information desired by THE INDEPENDENT concerning the ambitious plans of the company now prospering under his direction. The supposition is that the company is now arranging the preliminaries for an expansion of its lines, which when fully determined upon and carried out will put Massillon in the center of a new trunk system extending from Pittsburg to Chicago, with northwestern connections, and doubtless an outlet into New York. The meaning of certain surveys between Canton and East Liverpool have for some time been enveloped in mystery. It is now fairly well assured that the two terminal points were selected to permit the work to go on without disclosing its real purpose which is to connect the Wheeling & Lake Erie at Massillon, with Pittsburg

The officer's car 'Lawrence" was in town this morning, with a number of railroad men on board The immediate purpose of the trip was to inspect the line, but in addition to General Superintendent Blickensderfer and Supt. Stout, there were in the party W. E. Connor, of New York, chairman of the executive committee of the W. & L. E., and Ansel Oppenheim, of Chicago, vice president of the Chicago & Great Western, a road with lines reaching to St. Paul and Kansas City. That they were interested in in the switches, bridges and stations, merely, of the W. & L. E is doubtful

Both Mr. Blickinsderfer and Mr. Stout said that they knew nothing whatever of the plans outlined in the foregoing, and as Mr. Blair was too sick to be in the party, its confirmation was impossible Mr. Blickensderfer did impart some valuable news concerning the work of his department which has to do with physical management, and it shows that the wide awake executive staff is determined to bring this property up to a high standard. Mr. Blickensderfer says that the old bridges are to be replaced with steel structures from Toledo to Wheeling. This will involve an immense expenditure. Another fact he mentioned is that 20 miles of new steel rails will be laid this summer, westward from Massillon. These will be 70 pound rails those now in use being 60 pound rails. Other minor improvements will be made and when, as everybody hopes, the W. & L. E. takes its place as one of the great through lines, its condition will be worthy of its rank.

EIGHTEEN MONTHS' SENTENCE

The Passing of Michener, Once a Local Politician.

Marshal Harry Markel, one of the Massillon witnesses who were subpoenaed in the J. B. Michener case, returned from Cleveland Monday evening. He says that Michener and his attorney made but little or no defence. The witnesses for the state all testified and Michener was found guilty and sentenced to eighteen months' imprisonment in the penitentiary. The Michener case is of especial interest to Massillonians as it was here he was arrested by Officer Hollender on a charge of passing counterfeit money. Michener was at that time a well known politician and lawyer of Canton, and his arrest caused a profound sensation throughout the entire country.

Death of Mrs. Harney.

Mrs. Ann Harney died suddenly Saturday night at her home near Newman, of heart disease. Mrs. Harney retired Saturday evening in her usual state of health and death occurred during the night. Mrs. Harney was 62 years of age and leaves a husband and several children, among them Patrick Harney, formerly vice president of the miners' organization of this sub-district. The funeral will take place from St. Joseph's church at 9:30 o'clock Tuesday morning.

Central Telephone Connections.

The Central Union (Bell) Telephone Company has opened a toll station at North Lawrence. In addition telephones have been placed at the Krause mine, the Minglewood mine and the Ft. Wayne depot. Massillon subscribers can call up the toll office or either of the other places where Bell telephones have been placed without expense. This will greatly benefit the business men of the city.

What the Shakers of Mount Lebanon know more about than anybody else, is the use of herbs and how to be healthy.

They have studied the power of food. They nearly all live to a ripe old age.

The Shaker Digestive Cordial is prepared by the Shakers from herbs and plants with a special tonic power over the stomach.

It helps the stomach digest its food, and digested food is the strength maker.

Strong muscles, strong body, strong brain, all come from properly digested food.

A sick stomach can be cured and digestion made easy by Shaker Digestive Cordial.

It cures the nausea, loss of appetite, pain in the stomach, headache, giddiness weakness and all the other symptoms of indigestion, certainly and permanently.

Sold by druggists. Trial bottle 10c.

Shiloh's Cure, the great cough and croup cure, is in great demand. Pocket size contains twenty-five doses only 25c. Children love it. Sold by E. S. Craig and G. Fulton.

One minute is the standard time, and One Minute Cough Cure is the standard preparation for every form of cough or cold. It is the only harmless remedy that produces immediate results. Z. T. Baltzly and G. B. Fulton.

MOVING "THE INDEPENDENT."

Its Presses Leave the Old Building for the New.

As soon as the last paper left the big newspaper press of THE INDEPENDENT, on Saturday afternoon, a force of workmen began to take the machinery to pieces, and by Monday morning had moved and re-erected enough of it in the new building to enable the paper to go to press. The office will remain in the old building for perhaps a week longer, as there remains a good deal of work to be done before the new office will be in readiness. This issue of the paper makes its appearance under many disadvantages Some advertisers have had to be disappointed, and the news report has had to be cut down. It is expected that the conditions will have been adjusted by tomorrow so that everything will be running smoothly.

A BIGGER POSTOFFICE.

The Government Now Asks for Proposals.

MUCH BETTER ACCOMMODATIONS

Postoffice Inspector Holmes Consults with Postmaster Shepley and the Result is One Long Desired—The Warwick Block Likely to be Enlarged and Refitted.

Postoffice Inspector A. R. Holmes spent the morning in consultation with Postmaster Shepley, the subject being the matter of much needed improvements in the postoffice. The present cramped quarters contain about 900 square feet. The business requires at least 1,600 square feet. The result of the conference was that before leaving town Mr. Holmes prepared an advertisement for THE INDEPENDENT, asking for proposals for a lease of premises properly fitted up for the government business. The expectation is that Mr. W. K. L Warwick, owner of the present postoffice building, will submit a favorable proposition and one that will be accepted. He has wished to properly equip the office for some time, but desired, of course, a lease covering a reasonable period before making the necessary investment.

The specifications require an entirely new outfit in every respect. The public will be provided with new boxes, more convenient arrangements for entrance and exit, and the fixtures will be modern and substantial in all respects. The most important changes will be in the working quarters. Mail racks, desks and offices will be fitted up, and with enlarged floor space, the clerks will be enabled to handle the mails with ease to which they have always been strangers. In order to do all this, the Warwick block will have to be enlarged by a rear addition.

WILL BE OPENED SATURDAY.

A Base Ball Game at the Yingling Grove Park.

The Massillon base ball park will be opened at Yingling's grove next Saturday with a game of ball between Massillon and North Lawrence. Lovers of the game may look for a warm contest between these two clubs, as the North Lawrence boys are unusually strong this year and the club that will represent Massillon will be made up of the best talent in the city. The park will be in first class condition and ample seating capacity will be furnished for all The admission fee will be 25 cents, and game called at 3 p. m.

FATALLY BURNED.

Butler McMillen the Victim of a Mine Explosion.

Butler McMillen, superintendent of the J. J. Phillips mine, at Glenwood, in Noble county, died Sunday from burns received by an explosion which occurred in the mine on Friday. Mr. McMillen formerly resided at East Greenville and is well known in the Massillon district.

EXCURSION RATES.

To Pittsburgh, Washington St. Louis, Chicago and Elsewhere.

Via Pennsylvania Short Lines.

Special excursion tickets will be sold via the Pennsylvania Short Lines as follows:

To Pittsburgh, May 24th, 25th and 26th, account the National Prohibition Convention; good returning until May 30th; also on June 6th, 7th and 8th for the North American Saengerbund Convention; good to return until June 13th.

To St. Louis, June 12th, 13th, 14th and 15th, for the Republican National Convention, good returning until June 21, inclusive.

To Chicago, July 3, 4, 5 and 6, for the National Democratic Convention; good returning until July 12.

To Washington, D. C., July 4, 5, 6 and 7, account the Christian Endeavor Convention- valid to return July 15, with provision for extension of return until July 31.

Special local excursions will also be run during the season in addition to the foregoing. Please bear in mind that the concessions in fare will be granted over the Pennsylvania Short Lines, the desirable route on which all the comforts of travel may be enjoyed. Applications for information addressed to passenger and ticket agents of the Pennsylvania System will be cheerfully and promptly answered. The person to see at Massillon, O., is J. A. Shoemaker, agent Pennsylvania company.

"I burned my fingers very badly The pain was intense. Dr Thomas's Eclectric Oil brought relief in three minutes. It was almost magical. I never saw anything like it." Amelia Swords, Saunndersville, O.

Karl's Clover Root will purify your blood, clear your complexion, regulate your bowels and make your head clear as a bell. 25c., 50c., and $1. Sold by E. S. Craig and G. B. Fulton.

Now is the time to subscribe.

THE COMMISSION NAMED

Hit or Miss Juries are Now of the Past.

THE MAYOR'S APPOINTMENTS.

The End of a Hard Struggle Between the Mayor and the Council—Criminal Court Sentences — Several Defendants Plead Guilty—Probate Court News.

CANTON, May 12.—The police appointments presented by Mayor Rice were confirmed last night with one exception. The officers confirmed were: Charles N. Riblet, Joseph B. Ryan, Charles Dickerhoff, William Hasler, Aaron J. Rohu, John Dorland, Charles Tice and David Rinehart, The vacancy is being filled by James Battin.

THE CRIMINAL TERM.

James Connolly has pleaded guilty to burglary. He robbed E S. Ball's tailor shop. Sentence for one year was imposed. Wm. Woods pleaded guilty to stealing candy from a Ft. Wayne freight car at Massillon and was also given one year. August Balizet, indicted for burglary and larceny, pleaded not guilty Joseph Green, burglary and larceny, pleaded not guilty. Charles M. Ball was assigned as counsel. W. H. Jones, embezzlement, pleaded not guilty. James Bowman assigned as counsel.

JURY COMMISSIONERS.

Johnson Sherrick, of Canton, Benjamin Franklin Weybrecht, of Alliance, John R. Dangler, of Massillon, and James T. Hewitt, of Sandy township, have been appointed jury commissioners for the year ending May 25, 1897. The commissioners will select the names of men to serve on the grand and petit juries, and place the slips in the jury wheel, from which they are drawn by the sheriff and clerk of courts, for each term. They are named in each county composing the ninth judicial district, and the men named above are appointed for Stark county.

PROBATE COURT NOTES.

Otto Huberty, arrested on the charge of truancy, was sentenced to the boys' industrial school.

The appropriation case of the Canton & Wooster railway vs. the C. L. & W. railway, the case was dismissed on motion of the plaintiff.

In the case of Ohio on retention of Mary L Snellbaker vs. Frederick Brechbuehler and wife, a perition for a writ of habaes corpus has been granted.

Marriage licenses have been granted to Ira Camp and Clara D. Hollinger, of Beach City; Frank C. Marthey and Addie Frantz, of Louisville; Godfrey J. Schneider and Mary F. Marks, of Osnaburg.

MR. SUTER'S WILL.

Filed in Probate Court Today—Other Court House News.

CANTON, May 11.—The will of James Suter of Massillon, has been filed for probate. Bequests are made as follows: The first item provides for payment of all debts against the estate of the deceased. Second, that two mortgages on e farm owned by the widow be paid. The provisions of the first two items are to be considered before any legatees named receive any portion of the estate Whatever may be left of the estate, real, personal and mixed, is bequeathed to Mina Suter, the wife, Annie Suter, the daughter, and Louisa Pietzcker, a sister, each to receive one equal third part. S. A. Conrad is named as executor.

Edward Bomberger, a well known young man of this city, died at 11 o'clock Sunday night of congestion of the lungs. Mr. Bomberger resided in South Cleveland avenue.

David M. Givins, of Canton, assigned this morning to Charles Seemann. The assets are estimated at $800, and the liabilities at $400.

In the estate of Ella S. Allen, of Canton, John W. Allen has been appointed administrator.

Marriage licenses have been granted to C. W. Stansbury and Carrie Obenborf, of Massillon; Walter E. Coburn and Carrie Mock, of Canton.

Eczema is a frightful affliction, but all other skin diseases it can be permanently cured by application of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It never fails to cure Piles. Z. T. Baltzly, and G. B. Fulton.

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup is pleasant to take, positively harmless to the most delicate constitution, and absolutely sure to cure the most obstinate cough or cold It is a household boon.

A. L. Wooster, a prominent citizen of Osseo, Mich., after suffering excruciatingly from piles for twenty years, was cured in a short time by using DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, an absolute cure for all skin diseases. More of this preparation is used than all others combined. Z. T. Baltzly and G. B. Fulton.

Captain Sweeney, U. S. A., San Diego, Cal., says: "Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy is the first medicine I have ever found that would do me any good." Price 50c. Sold by E. S. Craig and G. B. Fulton.

One swallow does not make Spring, but one swallow of One Minute Cough Cure brings relief. Z. T. Baltzly, G. B. Fulton.

Advertised Letters.

List of letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Massillon May 12, 1896:

LADIES.

Road, Miss Earl

MEN.

Dohman, Hubert	Ferguson, Orrie
Forden, Geo.	Kittinger, G. W.
Powell, Thomas	Reise, B.
Shackford, C. A.	Stone, James.

Persons calling for the above named letters will please say advertised.

FELIX R. SHEPLEY, P. M.

Mrs. R. DeYoung, Middleburg, Ia., writes: "I have used One Minute Cough Cure for six years, both for myself and children, and I consider it the quickest acting and most satisfactory Cough Cure I have ever used." Z. T. Baltzly and G. B. Fulton.

PIPES and Tobacco Pouches FREE
in exchange for coupons with
Mail Pouch
"Chewing and Smoking"
The only NICOTINE NEUTRALIZED
TOBACCO.
● A Genuine FRENCH BRIAR PIPE and ●
● Self-closing Rubber TOBACCO POUCH ●
● PIPE just suits the Smoker and POUCH Avoids ●
● Waste and keeps Tobacco in Perfect Condition ●
Coupons explain how to secure the Above.
One Coupon in each 5 cent (2 ounce) Package.
Two Coupons in each 10 cent (4 ounce) Package.
Mail Pouch Tobacco is sold by all dealers.
Packages (*now on sale*) containing no coupons will be accepted as coupons, "2 oz." *Empty Bag as one Coupon, "4 oz." Empty Bag as two Coupons.*
ILLUSTRATED Catalogue *of other Valuable Articles with explanation how to get them,* Mailed on request.
The Bloch Bros. Tobacco Co., Wheeling, W. Va.
No Coupons exchanged after July 1, 1897

MINERS MEET AGAIN.

But Only Seven Delegates Present Themselves.

REASONS FOR LIGHT ATTENDANCE

The Joint Convention Called to Bring About Harmony not as Successful as Desired—The Proceedings to the Hour of Going to Press.

The joint convention of miners' delegates affiliated with the U. M. W. of A. and the Independent organization was called to order in the Trades & Labor Assembly hall in this city Tuesday morning with but seven delegates present. The convention had been called by the officials of the Independent union and was for the purpose of taking a vote among the district miners as to whether the local organization should reunite with the national machine or remain an independent body. Shortly after the call had been issued President Welsh, of the rival faction, published a circular in which he requested all of his followers to ignore the summons and to attend no joint meetings that had not been called jointly.

This, together with the fact that ten of the Massillon mines are at present lying idle, making it impossible for the miners employed to select delegates, is probably responsible for the poor attendance. President Mossop presided, and after the reports of the committee on credentials and order of business had been accepted, briefly addressed the assembled delegates, outlining the situation and presenting his views in the matter. He said that as a number of delegates present represented but a small minority of the miners it would be unfair to take any important step in the affair, and he requested that the men think for themselves and act accordingly.

John Adley, of Navarre, then took the floor and held it until noon. His remarks consisted chiefly of comments on various interesting newspaper clippings which he had preserved from day to day during the past month or two.

The miners in session spent the greater part of the afternoon discussing the advisability of donating $200 to the striking miners at Palmyra. At the time this paper goes to press the question is still undecided.

SOME W & L. E. MATTERS

Mr. Stout Mentions Several Interesting Projects.

Officers of the Wheeling & Lake Erie deny that their road has in view the acquisition of the projected Canton and East Liverpool line, but there is an air of mystery back of their proceedings indicating that in their own good time they will make known some enterprise of mammoth proportions. Shrewd and far-sighted men are in control of the W. & L. E., and under their management almost anything is likely to happen. Superintendent Stout, by the way, has made a most generous offer to the county, through the board of trade. In replacing present bridges with steel structures, the W. & L. E. will have a lot of first-class bridge material thrown in its hands, and being desirous of seeing Columbian Heights permanently connected with the city, an offer of sufficient iron bridge work has been made to construct bridges across the river and canal. Mr. Stout says that the material is as good as new for highway purposes, and would cost $10,000 to buy. He offers to deliver and unload it at the proper points. Mr. Stout also says that owing to the inability of the city authorities to keep people who have no business therein, from standing on the foot suspension bridges at Columbian Heights, he has concluded to take them down, being fearful that some day an accident will result from their foolish misuse. This is the W. & L. E. pay day and a large amount of money is coming into Massillon.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair,
DR.
PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Only three prisoners now remain in the county jail.

The formal summer opening at Meyer's lake will take place May 19

Miss Alice Newton, of Holyoke, Mass., is visiting Miss Blanche McCue.

The new fair association in Alliance has been incorporated. Capital stock, $10,000.

The Rev. Wm. Brayshaw, rector of Trinity Episcopal church at Alliance, has resigned.

The Canton high school girls have resolved to drink no soda water where cigarettes are sold.

The Stark County Republican Central Committee will meet in Canton on Friday, May 15, at 9:30 a m.

Misses May and Mamie Bevington, of Wooster, are visiting at the home of John Bevington in Young street.

The marriage bans of Mr. Jos. Ess and Miss Flora Clementz, and Mr. Albert Bamberger and Miss Mary Kromer were announced at St. Mary's Catholic church.

The $100 donated by the district miners' organization to the strikers of Palmyra was delivered to the committee, G. Savage and D. C. Jones, Wednesday morning.

Dr. and Mrs. T. J. Reed and the young people of their family will spend the summer at their old fashioned country home, one mile from Meyer's lake. They will leave about June 1st.

It is feared that Miss Mary Cox, who resides in West Main street, may be permanently crippled, as a result of an injury sustained to her knee in a fall down a stairway the other day.

Charles Bayliss, who formerly resided in Massillon, is now located at Mt. Clemens, Mich. Mr. Bayliss is superintending an electric railway there and is now fitting up a bath house which will be in operation this season.

Unknown individuals raised both trap doors at the bottom of the aqueduct, near Bolivar, on Saturday. During the entire night the water poured into the river below. Canal men believe the object was to catch fish. The matter will be investigated.

A recent enactment by the state legislature makes it mandatory with the boards of education to provide flags for all structures and went into effect on Monday. The city school buildings are provided for, but the township schools are not generally supplied.

Mrs. Edwin L. Arnold left Monday night to visit for several weeks with friends in Louisville, Ky. She will join the Ohio party early in June, on the occasion of the marriage of Mr. David Barnes Day, of Canton, and Miss Mary Burton Berryman, of Lexington

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Coxey left Wednesday for the West. They will spend a little time in Iowa, and then proceed to Oregon. There is a prospect of a lively time in that state, owing to the inhospitable attitude of the state chairman of the People's party towards Mr. Coxey.

Charles Corey, one of the boys arrested by Officer Seaman at the Military Band's concert several days ago for applying a match to a sky rocket, has appeared before Mayor Schott and pleaded guilty. His sentence has been deferred until Yost's case has been decided by the jury.

At a meeting of the Democratic Central committee men of Stark county held in Canton today it was decided to hold a primary election as the means of selecting delegates to the district and state convention. This convention will not take place until some time in June after the Republican national convention.

The entire membership of the Dairymen's Association and a few friends, among them John Haag and Monroe Aker, went to Turkeyfoot lake Sunday for a day's fishing. They were fairly successful in their efforts to ensnare the finny tribe and had an excellent time besides.

Many fishermen were at work in the river, Monday, with nets. The river has recently been stocked, and if the people of this vicinity will give the small fish half a chance the stream will never cease to afford a free supply of food. If fishing with nets goes unchecked, it will require only a short time to completely empty it.

An advance guard of Canton and Massillon Republicans are arranging to go to St Louis on the Saturday preceding the convention. Two Pullman cars have been secured. Among the Massillonians who contemplate being of this party are S. A. Conrad, C. A Gates, W. F Ricks, Jos. Grapewine, J. C. Corns, J. H. Hunt and probably others.

Vice President Cameron Miller, of the U. M. W. of A., arrived in the city Wednesday morning from the Dansville, Ill., coal field, and, after a few days' visit with his family, will leave again for Pittsburg. Mr. Miller says he was reasonably successful in organizing the miners of Illinois, but he says these men are not like our Eastern miners.

Something was evidently worrying Uncle Joseph Cunningham as he sauntered down West Main street Saturday evening with his basket of peanuts and pop-corn on his arm. "There's no use talkin'," said he to a bystander as he seated himself on a friendly doorstep, "there's something in that shoe and I am going to investigate" With that he removed the shoe in question and as he thrust his hand down into its depths a great light seemed to dawn upon him. For his hand in the search for nails had came across a great opening in the sole, and turning to his friend, the by this time deeply inetrested bystander, he murmured, "I knew there was something in that shoe, though I didn't know exactly what it was."

At the First M. E. church yesterday, two great sermons were preached by distinguished delegates from the general conference at Cleveland. In the morning, the Rev. Dr. Harris, a native Buckeye, but who has been a missionary in Japan for more than twenty years, delivered a very entertaining and instructive sermon, and by request of Pastor Smith, sang several Japanese hymns and the Japanese national air, in the native Oriental language. Dr. Quayle was unable to be here as promised, but will fill his appointment next Sunday morning. The Rev. Dr. Edward J. Gray, president of Dickinson Seminary at Williamsport, Pa., preached a very scholarly and deeply interesting discourse. Dr. Gray is one of the ablest men in the church, and had a large audience of attentive hearers. The choir sang uncommonly well, and Organist Searle played with his accustomed grace and brilliancy.

FOR MEMORIAL DAY.

Preliminary Programme Announced by the Committee.

ADDRESS BY THE REV. DR. SMITH.

Graves in the Three City Cemeteries to be Decorated in the Morning—A Parade in the Afternoon, Followed by the Usual Public Memorial Meeting.

The committee having in charge the arrangements for Memorial Day, in behalf of Hart Post No. 134, G. A. R., make the following announcement:

On May 24 memorial services will be held at the First U. B. church. The comrades of Hart Post, all ex-soldiers, and S. of V. and D. of V. will assemble in front of the post room and march to the church. Sermon by the Rev. W. B. Leggett. Preliminary programme for May 30, 1896: Hart Post No. 134, G. A. R., Daniel Ritter Camp, No 25, Sons of Veterans, Mrs. Major McKinley Tent, No. 1, Daughters of Veterans, and all ex soldiers and sailors who wish to take part in the Decoration exercises, and the bands, will assemble in front of the post room, in South Erie street, at 8:30 a. m. They will march from there to St. Mary's cemetery, in charge of Chief Marshal Henry Huber. At the St. Mary's ceremony during any part taken by the Rev. James Kuhn and the parochial school, they will give attention. Then the post commander will form the post, S. of V., D. of V., and all ex soldiers and march through the cemetery, and at each soldier's grave a halt will be made and some one named by the post commander will decorate the grave. The column will then move on to the next grave until all shall have been decorated. We will then march to Cherry street and there board the cars and go to the Massillon cemetery, where the usual G. A. R. ceremonies will be held. Then the junior vice commander, with a selection to be chosen from the G. A. R. by himself, with all others who may wish to join him will take flowers and go to the St. Joseph's cemetery, where they will carry out a like programme as at the St. Mary's, and return to the Massillon cemetery

After the Junior vice commander has chosen his escort and taken his flowers and departed, the post commander and Senior vice will each take delegations of of equal size from the G. A. R. and such others as may fall in line The chief officer of the S. of V., and the chief officer of D. of V., each in charge of their respective commands, will provide themselves with flowers, and taking their orders from the post commander will proceed in an orderly line of march through parts of the cemetery assigned to them, and in decorating the graves will observe the orders heretofore given for decorating in St. Mary's cemetery, after which they will return to this city.

At 1:30 p. m Hart Post will assemble in front of its hall. All ex-soldiers, societies and citizens are also cordially invited to join, and at 2 p. m. escorted by the band will march to the opera house, all except the band entering The band will play one selection in front of the opera house and break ranks In the opera house music by the orchestra will be followed by prayer by the Rev. L. H. Burry. Music by the high school under Prof. L. G. Graves. The president of the day will be James H. Hunt Address by the Rev. Dr. Geo B. Smith. Benediction by the Rev. L. H. Burry. Finis.

The Rev. L. H. Burry will offer a prayer at the close of the G. A. R. exercises at the Massillon cemetery.

The Post Commander, Senior Vice Commander and Comrade W. M. Roger are hereby appointed a committee on seating and decoration of opera house and soldiers' monuments and bringing in the flowers to some suitable room, to be procured by them, in which the D. of V. can arrange them for use on Decoration Day.

All societies and orders desiring to be assigned to orders of march, will receive orders from Marshal Henry Huber

Jacob Foltz, Wm. B. Humberger and Jacob Graze are hereby appointed finance committee.

The public schools and parochial schools of Massillon have been asked to contribute flowers.

In the Massillon cemetery there are 139 soldiers' graves; in the English Catholic cemetery 4 soldiers' graves; in the German Catholic cemetery 10 soldiers' graves.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENS.

NEW TELEPHONE LINE.

The Long Distance Company to Come to Massillon.

The application of the Ohio Telephone and Telegraph Company for a local franchise is noted in the council proceedings. The company is really a child of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company of New York, which controls the long distance business of the country. At present the long distance wires running into Massillon are owned by the Central Union Company, and they extend as far as Akron, where connection is made with the lines of the corporation now seeking direct entrance into Massillon. It is claimed that the wires of the main company are heavier and conversation proportionately more satisfactory than over the existing lines.

The wires which are to pass through Massillon are to constitute a trunk line from Akron to Parkersburgh, W. Va. Work is to begin at Cuyahoga Falls on the 18th, and about four miles a day will be covered. The route will be from Akron to Canal Fulton, Massillon, Navarre, New Philadelphia and thence south. It is hoped to connect with St. Louis before the holding of the national convention. Up to this time St. Louis has had only telegraph connections with the outside world.

Notice is called to the adv. of sale of the John Mumaw farm on May 20. See adv. on last page.

A BICYCLE ORDINANCE.

Important Amendments Proposed Tuesday Night.

12 MILES PER HOUR THE LIMIT

Wheelmen May be Excluded from All Sidewalks—The Council Lets a Contract and Transacts a Considerable Amount of Important Business at the Last Session.

The regular meeting of the council was held Tuesday night with all members present. The street commissioner's report for two weeks, ending May 9, amounted to $212.13. An order was drawn for the amount.

The sewer commission recommended that the contract for the East street sewer be awarded to Weible & Schott, their bid being $1,027.90, and the lowest. The commission also recommended that Neidlinger & Rhine be awarded contracts for constructing the South and North Mill street sewers, their bids being $910 78 and $124 19 respectively. Attached was a resolution proviping for the construction of a sanitary sewer in South Mill street from South street north to alley. The cost was estimated at $220. The recommendations were accepted on Mr. Kramer's motion. The resolution was referred back to the commission for proper construction. A proposed improvement should be advertised two weeks before definite action is taken

The ordinance regulating the speed of street cars was read a second time.

An ordinance was presented and read granting the Ohio Telephone and Telegraph Company (Long Distance Telephone Company) right to construct and maintain its lines on certain streets in the city. Mr. James, representing the company, addressed the council, briefly stating that the line to pass through Massillon will extend between Akron and Parkersburg, W. Va Linemen will begin work at Akron on May 18

NEW BICYCLE ORDINANCE.

An ordinance to amend sections 109 and 110 of the revised ordinances of the city of Massillon as amended June 25, 1895, and to amend section 111 was read. This ordinance provides that it shall be unlawful to ride a tricycle or bicycle upon any of the sidewalks of the city adjacent to and abutting paved streets; also that all bicycles and tricycles shall be provided with lanterns, which are to be kept burning as long as the wheels are in use during the dark hours; no person shall ride upon any street in the city at a rate of speed greater than twelve miles an hour, and all wheels shall keep to the right side of the street and be provided with bell or gong, which is to be sounded at least fifty feet distant from any person; the ordinance to go into effect June 15, 1896 As the name of the author of the ordinance was not attached it was referred to the judiciary committee for one week.

An ordinance presented by Mr. Paul, providing for a grade on Pine street, was given a first reading. A like ordinance by Mr. Kramer relative to an alley in the rear of St Mary's church, was read.

The paving and grading committee reported that stone steps had been placed at the Barrett property at a cost of $25. An order was authorized. The committee also estimated the cost of grading Summit street at not less than $1,500. The report was accepted and filed.

The street and alley committee deemed it necessary to curb and gutter South Prospect street on the east side and to lay flag walks where required. A resolution embodying the report was presented and adopted.

NO POLICE APPOINTMENTS.

The prison and police committee failed to report upon the mayor's police appointments.

Mr. Kramer's motion instructing the mayor to employ a janitor to care for the court rooms and council chamber, was agreed to.

A complaint of Theodore Kautzsch relating to the condition of curbing in Wooster street, was referred to the paving and grading committee on Mr. Brown's motion.

Mr. Paul's resolution providing sewer pipe for street crossings at Hill and North and Hill and Tremont streets was adopted.

A second resolution by Mr. Paul was also adopted. This requests the sewer commission to make plans and specifications for sanitary and house sewers and make an estimate of the cost of constructing the same on the following streets: From trunk line sewer, crossing Tremont street, on Tremont street to a point 300 feet west of Columbus street, on Park street south to McClymond's park, on Duncan street south to said park, on Grant street north to a point 150 feet south of Main, on Henry to Main street, on Columbus and Fulton streets as far north as can be reached, on Cherry street intersecting East street sewer, then east to Center, on Center to Andrew, on High from a point 200 feet north of North street, on Akron street north from Cherry to a point 600 feet north of State street, on Paul street to end of Paul street, on North from Prospect to Third. The commission is requested to take necessary care relative to pipe, inclination and depth of said sewers

Resolution by Mr. Brown referring the Bruder claim to the street and alley committee for investigation. Adopted. Mr. Paul voted no.

On Mr. Paul's motion the light and railway committees were instructed to take steps to collect from the W. & L. E. and Ft. Wayne railways the amounts due for lights at crossings, and to consider a proposition to place lights at Cherry and Walnut streets.

Mr. Paul's motion to proceed to confirm the mayor's police appointments was lost. Messrs. Brown, Geltz, Kramer, Jacoby, Reay and Huber voted no.

Mr. Kramer's motion instructed the street and alley committee, Mr. Geltz and the solicitor to interview the Summit street residents in regard to the prospective grade.

The fire committee was instructed to investigate about placing an extra man at the central reel house.

The council adjourned.

Thousands have tested the great building up power of Hood's Sarsaparilla and have found renewed strength, vigor and vitality in its use.

THE MINERS' CONVENTION

Very Little Accomplished by the Meeting.

The seven miners' delegates who constituted the joint convention in this city Tuesday, did not feel that a sufficient number of the district miners were represented to authorize them to decide the question of whether they should or should not again become a part of the national organization, and nearest they approached the matter was the adoption of the following resolution:

Resolved, That the officers of the Independent organization be empowered to meet the officers of the U. M. W. of A., for the purpose of calling a joint convention with a view to effecting a reorganization, and for the purpose of settling all questions in dispute between the two organizations.

D C. Jones and G. Savage, of Palmyra, who composed a committee sent here to solicit aid for the striking miners of that vicinity, made a strong appeal to the convention, and, after some discussion it was decided that $100 should be donated by the union, and each delegate should urge his constituents, as individuals, to contribute to the cause. Secretary treasurer Abraham Williams objected vigorously to this course, being of the opinion that only a majority of the miners had the right to authorize such an expenditure, and, in his remarks on the subject, stated that he would take none of the responsibility of the matter upon himself.

It was also decided that copies of the testimony of the mine bosses and others produced by the operators before the board of arbitration in the late strike, which has been published in pamphlet form, should be distributed among the district miners free.

About 700 miners were represented at the convention, and a list of the delegates and their respective mines follows: Benj. Jones, of Minglewood; Wm. Fairless, Western Ohio No. 1; Abraham Cortwright, Woodland; John Adley, Warwick; August Bremkamp, Millport No. 1; F. E. Lancks, North Massillon; Benj. Evans, Dalton.

THE JUBILEE CLUB BALL.

Colored Society Engages in an Elaborate Function.

The Young Men's Jubilee Club, composed of the colored young men of this city, gave a delightful ball in Music Hall Monday night Schworm's orchestra was engaged for the occasion and Mr. Kemmer officiated as prompter. Many out of town guests were present, and among those from Canton were: Mrs Grisby, Mrs. Lacy, Mrs Anna Tell, Miss Sadie Jones, Mrs. Henson, Mr. and Mrs. Mead Johnson, Louis Douglass, John Boyd, James Grayson and Charles Hall. Those from Alliance and elsewhere were. Miss Jennie Spriggs and Messrs. McPherson, Kelly, Murphy and Dickson; Messrs Proctor and Jackson, of Salem; James Johnson and Mrs. Phillips, of Wooster; Misses Belle and Emma Jackson, of Akron; Messrs. Will Berry, Ed Wiggins, "Dode" Peterson and Robert Green, of Salem. The Massillonians in attendance were: Mr. and Mrs. John Fields, Mr. and Mrs. James Goins and daughter, Gertie, Mr. and Mrs. Alex Sims, Mrs. Charles Terry, Misses Ella Sims, Edith Sims, Lizzie Berry, Jane Wisdom, Ella Mickens, Louise and Icea Robinson and Cora Emery, Messrs. Wm. Henderson, Charles Peterson, William Banks, William Bell, Robert Grant, William Carey, Fred Scott, Edward Powell, Joseph Wisdom, Edward Smith, Robert Emery, Walter Emery, DeWitt Cunningham, James Myers and Charles Robinson. Refreshments were served in the ball room. Most of the out of town guests remained in the city until this morning.

Bank

President Isaac Lewis of Sabina, Ohio, is highly respected all through that section. He has lived in Clinton Co. 75 years, and has been president of the Sabina Bank 20 years. He gladly testifies to the merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and what he says is worthy attention. All brain workers find Hood's Sarsaparilla peculiarly adapted to their needs. It makes pure, rich, red blood, and from this comes nerve, mental, bodily and digestive strength.

"I am glad to say that Hood's Sarsaparilla is a very good medicine, especially as a blood purifier. It has done me good many times. For several years I suffered greatly with pains of

Neuralgia

in one eye and about my temples, especially at night when I had been having a hard day of physical and mental labor. I took many remedies, but found help only in Hood's Sarsaparilla which cured me of rheumatism, neuralgia and headache. Hood's Sarsaparilla has proved itself a true friend. I also take Hood's Pills to keep my bowels regular, and like the pills very much." ISAAC LEWIS, Sabina, Ohio.

Hood's

Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy in effect. 25 cents.

CHURCH AND STATE.

W. R. D. Writes of the History of Romanism and Protestantism.

To the Editor of THE INDEPENDENT:

In the late issues of THE INDEPENDENT have appeared communications on the subject of the American Protective Association and its fight against the Roman Catholic church in America Anything which disturbs the peace and harmony of the nation is deplorable and should be actively discouraged. It is true that the history of the Roman Catholic church, commencing soon after its establishment and continuing down to the beginning of the present century, is but a long, long story of relentless persecution more bitter, persistent and far-reaching than the zealous bigotry of the followers of Mahomet, who first attempted to establish their religion in Europe by the sword in 1292.

It is true that the history of Protestantism, from the time of Martin Luther to the end of the eighteenth century, is but a record of intolerance and oppression only limited by internal dissensions and a struggle for existence against its greater rival.

How the "established church" tried to force the New England colonies to support a bishop! How the peaceful, contented and happy Arcadians were driven from their homes to a refuge in a southern wilderness, and how in 1724 a missionary, Father Rasles, gave his life for his mission at Norridgewock, Me.

History is but a record of the great conflict that has been and is still being waged by all the powers of the Evil One against the great eternal God, in a world where bigotry and intolerance, the natural children of ignorance, seek to become handmaidens of religious organizations.

But who can justly claim that the vigorous persecutions of the church at Rome were not necessary to promote and to maintain its teachings amongst the Pagan hordes in the early centuries, or that the sturdy zeal of Protestantism which became so intolerant of other beliefs and puritanically severe with our personal liberties, was not needed to battle against the difficulties of the times? We have been persuaded that the progress of civilization, the advance of science and the attainment of knowledge had superseded bigotry intolerance and ignorance; but the American Protective Association tells us that our liberties are in danger, that we stand on the threshold of slavery, that all that is dear to our hearts is about to be sacrificed on the altars of a church and that our only salvation is to form an allegiance with a secret society. Whose members we know not and who do not offer the warm heart and kind hand of friendship to the world and who are as intolerant of liberty of conscience as were the churches in the dark ages.

Sometimes I think Americans deprive themselves of a great deal of pleasure by not contemplating more frequently their great, glorious country. By comparison with other countries we know there are none like ours on the face of the earth, and never will be. Where is there a country of such extent so favored by climate and productiveness, with all that is grand in nature! The stately mountains, broad prairies, beautiful hills and valleys with thousands of pleasant happy homes all over the land—sweet scenes of our childhood—and the very soil made dear to our hearts by our heroes, whose life blood stained the green sward or the meadow brook, and found a peaceful resting place on the hillside; and dear to us because the ones we loved so well are laid in its mould where we expect to sleep when the door of life shall be closed by "the angel with an inverted torch."

No heart swells with greater pride or beats warmer within a human breast than does mine every time I see our country's flag and contemplate our country's greatness—nor does it matter where that flag be found—on public buildings, on school houses, on our vessels of war, or carried as a toy in the hand of a child, and I am but one man of the millions who will ever maintain and honor it.

Any man or body of men who will say that bigotry and intolerance will ever prevail over the common sense and wisdom of the people of this nation or that we are in danger of slavery and disunion from a church that permits its members to live contented happy lives and seek heaven in Catholic France or Protestant England—are woefully ignorant of the strong patriotism of our nation or they wilfully insult the intelligence and manhood of American people, and publish to the world that they will not follow the teaching of Him who proclaimed peace on earth and good will to all men.

W. R. D.

STARK COUNTY DEMOCRATS.

They Will Soon Vote on the Free Silver Question.

At the meeting of the Democratic central committee of Stark county, briefly reported Tuesday, it was decided to select fifteen delegates to the state convention by primary election under the Australian system on June 11, and to authorize a committee of three to report back an executive committee of five persons, to carry out the intent of the new law, which permits the executive committees of the two parties to nominate two members of the board of elections, each. It was further resolved that for the primary election, a ballot be prepared for use by the voters containing the following two propositions to wit: The one "For free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver," and the other "for the single gold standard" Under the heading of each shall be placed the names of fifteen candidates for delegates to said convention favorable and pledged to said propositions respectively Such names to be handed to the chairman of this committee by the avowed and recognized advocates of such propositions respectively, on or before Saturday, May 30, 1896, at 12 o'clock noon, and which ballots shall be the only ones used or recognized.

CENTRAL COMMITTEE CALLED.

It Will Meet in Canton on Friday Morning at 9:30

Chairman John Thomas calls the new Republican Central committee to meet at the headquarters in the McKinley block, Canton, on Friday morning at 9:30. It was thought that Mr. Thomas would defer calling the committee together until July, but in deference to the wishes of many he has adopted the course stated. The contest for the chairmanship has been very spirited Mr. Thomas says that he expects to be re-elected, and his competitor, A. M McCarty, remarked Wednesday noon that he, too, was confident of success.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had consumption, and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her, and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thomas Eggers, 139 Florida street, San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching consumption, tried without result everything else, then bought one bottle of Dr King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the efficacy of this medicine in coughs and colds Free trial bottles at Baltzly's drug store. Regular size 50c, and $1.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whisky nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer, and aids digestion. Old people find it just exactly what they need. 50 cents per bottle at Baltzly's drug store.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25c. per box. For sale by Z. T. Baltzly.

Mr. D. P. Davis, a prominent liveryman and merchant of Goshen, Va., has this to say on the subject of rheumatism: "I take pleasure in recommending Chamberlain's Pain Balm for rheumatism, as I know from personal experience that it will do all that is claimed for it. A year ago this spring my brother was laid up in bed with inflammatory rheumatism and suffered intensely. The first application of Chamberlain's Pain Balm eased the pain and the use of one bottle cured him." For sale by The Saltsman Drug Co.

Now is the time to subscribe.

....MOTHERLY LOVE....

Calls on you to investigate the merits of

THE.....

Facility Washable Suit .....

It is the HEALTHIEST as well as the CHEAPEST for wear. It is HEALTHY because its whole weight is suspended from the shoulders, allowing free muscular development of the entire body.

It is the CHEAPEST as no Underwaists or Shirtwaists are required Non-corroding covered BUTTONS that CAN'T COME OFF are attached.

No Rubber Elastics to rot thro' washing. No tapes to pull out.

HANDSOME, STYLISH and PERFECT in Fit.

FOR SALE BY

C. M. WHITMAN

THE ONE PRICE CLOTHIER,

MASSILLON

. . LOST. . .

The Legitimate Profit on our 50 cent Straw Hats.

Egyptian Balbriggan UNDERWEAR.

Like trading Dollars for 25c.

You would look best in one of our line SAILOR or YACHT STRAWS.

Only 75c. Others would ask $1.25.

Not Likely to Happen Again—

The opportunity of getting a $3 50 value Brown or Black Dunlap Style, with easy fitting sweat, for $2 50.

SPANGLER & CO

...LEADERS...

In Hats and Men's Furnishings.

Sole Agents for . . . . .

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FINE - - STRAWS.

Children's Fancy ...Sailors...

25c, 50c, 75c and $1.00.

Men's, Youths' and Boys' STRAW HATS from 25 cents up.

Full line of

....BICYCLE : SUITS....

Caps, Belts, Hose, &c.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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'NYE'S HISTORY OF ENGLAND.

Ethelwolf Proves a Mighty Poor King.

THE INFLUX OF THE DANES.

A Rough People, With Remarkable Digestive Powers—Put Even the Anglo-Saxons to the Blush—Alfred the Great Teaches Them the Uses of Water.

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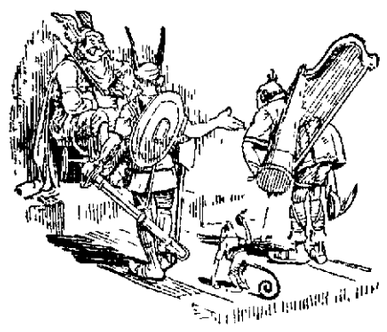
CHAPTER IV

And now, having led the eager student up to the year 827 A. D., let us take him forward from the foundation of the English monarchy to the days of William the Conqueror, 1066.

Egbert, one of the kings of Wessex, reigned practically over Roman Britain when the country was invaded by the Northmen (Swedes, Norwegians and Danes), who treated the Anglo-Saxon as the Anglo-Saxon had formerly treated the poor Britain.

These Northmen were rather coarse people and even put the Anglo-Saxons to the blush sometimes. They exercised vigorously, and thus their appetites were sharp enough to cut a hair. They at first came in the capacity of pirates, sliding stealthily into isolated coast settlements on Saturday evening and eating up the Sunday victuals, capturing the girls of the Bible class and sailing away. But later they came as conquerors and boarded with the peasantry permanently.

Egbert formed an alliance with his old enemies, the Welsh, and gained a great victory over the Northmen, but when he died and left Ethelwolf, his son, in charge of the throne, he made a great mistake. Ethelwolf was a poor king, "being given more to religious exercises than reigning," says the historian. He would often exhibit his piety in order to draw attention away from his royal incompetency. He was not the first or last to smother the call to duty under the cry of hallelujah. Like the little steamer engine with the big whis-



ALFRED, DISGUISED AS A GLEEMAN, IS INTRODUCED TO GUTHRUN.

tle, when he whistled the boat stopped. He did not have a boiler big enough to push the great ship of state and shout amen at the same time.

Ethelwolf defeated the enemy in one great battle, but too late to prevent a hold up upon the island of Thanet and afterward at Shippey, near London, where the enemy settled himself.

Yet Ethelwolf made a pilgrimage to Rome with Alfred, then 6 years old (A. D. 855). He was gone a year, during which time very little reigning was done at home, and the Northmen kept making treaties and coming over in larger droves.

Ethelwolf visited Charles the Bald of France at this time and married his daughter Judith incidentally. Ethelwolf's eldest son died during the king's absence and was succeeded as eldest son by Ethelbald (heir apparent, though he had no hair apparent), who did not recognize the old gentleman or allow him to be seated on his own throne when he came back, but Ethelwolf gave the naughty Ethelbald the western half of the kingdom rather than have trouble. But Baldy died and was succeeded by Ethelbert, who died six years later, and Ethelred, in 866, took charge till 871, when he died of a wound received in battle and closed out the Ethel business to Alfred.

The Danes had meantime rifled the country with their crossguns and killed Edmund, the good king of East Anglia, who was afterward canonized, though gunpowder had not then been invented.

Alfred was not only a godly king, but had a good education and was a great admirer of Dickens and Thackeray. (This is put in as a titbit for the critic.)

He preferred literature to the plaudits of the nobility and the sedentary life on

ALFRED LETTING THE CAKES BURN.

a big white oak throne. On the night before his coronation his pillow was wet with tears.

And in the midst of it all there came the Danes, wearing heavy woolen clothes and introducing their justly celebrated style of honest sweat.

Alfred fought as many as eight battles with them in one year. They agreed at last to accept such portions of the country as were assigned them, but they were never known to abide by any treaty, and they put the red man of America to shame as prevaricators.

Thus, by 878, the wretched Saxons were at their wits' end and have never been able to take a joke since at less than 30 days.

Some fled to Wales and perished miserably trying to pronounce the names of their new postoffice addresses.

Here Alfred's true greatness stood him in good stead. He secured a number of reliable retainers and camped in the swamps of Somersetshire, where he made his headquarters on account of its

ALFRED ESTABLISHED SCHOOLS

inaccessibility, and then he made raids on the Danes. Of course he had to live roughly and must deny himself his upright piano for his country's good.

In order to obtain a more thorough knowledge of the Danes and their number, he distinguished himself as a harper or portable orchestra and visited the Danish camp, where he was introduced to Guthrun and was invited to a banquet, where he told several new anecdotes and spoke in such a humorous way that the army was sorry to see him go away and still sorrier when, a few days later, armed cap-a-pie, he mopped up the greensward with his enemy and secured the best of terms from him.

While mong, Alfred stopped at a hut, where he was asked to turn the pancakes as they required it, but in the absence of the hostess he got to thinking of esoteric subjects, or something profound, and allowed the cakes to burn. The housewife returned in time to express her sentiments and a large box to his address.

He now converted Guthrun and had him immersed, which took first rate, and other Danes got immersed. Thus the national antagonism to water was overcome, and today the English who are descended from the Danes are not appalled at the sight of water.

As a result of Guthrun's conversion the Danes agreed to a permanent settlement along the exposed portion of Great Britain, by which they became unconsciously a living rampart between the Saxons and other incursionists.

Now peace began to reign up to 893, and Alfred improved the time by rebuilding the desolated cities—London especially, which had become a sight to behold. A new stock law, requiring the peasantry to shut up their unicorns during certain seasons of the year and keep them out of the crops, also protecting them from sportsmen while shedding their horns in spring or molting, it is said, was passed, but the English historians are such great jokers that the writer has had much difficulty in culling the facts and eliminating the persiflage from these writings.

Alfred the Great survived his last victory over the Danes, at Kent, only a few years, when he died greatly lament-

KING ALFRED TRANSLATED SEVERAL BOOKS.

ed. He was a brave soldier, a successful all around monarch and a progressive citizen in an age of beastly ignorance, crime, superstition, self indulgence and pathetic stupidity.

He translated several books for the people, established or repaired the University of Oxford and originated the idea, adopted by the Japanese 1,000 years later, of borrowing the scholars of other nations and cheerfully adopting the improvements of other countries, instead of following the hidebound and stupid conservatism and ignorance bequeathed by father to son as a result of blind and offensive pride which is sometimes called patriotism.

BILL NYE.

Economical Engineering.

The truly gifted engineer always makes one part of his work fit into another, and no energy is ever wasted. A wealthy engineer who had set up a very fine place in the country, where he had carried out many pet constructive projects, was visited there by an old friend.

The visitor had so much difficulty in pushing open his front gate that he spoke about it to the proprietor.

"You ought to fix that gate," said the guest. "A man who has everything 'just so' should not have a gate that is hard to open."

"Ha!" exclaimed the engineer, "you don't understand my economy. That gate communicates with the waterworks of the house, and every person who comes through it pumps up four gallons of water!"—Youth's Companion.

Up to Date.

Museum Manager—What's your line?

Applicant—Boneless wonder.

"So? You're the third one of 'em in a week. Just step over in front of the cathode camera there while I prove it. No need to look pleasant."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

JUST LOADS OF LACE.

IT IS USED MORE THAN EVER FOR TRIMMING.

Fairylike Skirts to Match Diaphanous Lawns—Pyjamas For Progressive Young Ladies—All Sorts of Hats—Pointed Toes and High Heels.

[Special Correspondence.]

NEW YORK, May 4.—There is scarcely a garment worn by woman this season that is not trimmed with lace, and some of them have "just loads of it," particularly those most generally unseen. That is good for the lacemakers and laundresses, but not quite so good for the miserable voting creature who pays the bills. The undergarments are positively smothered in lace, mostly of the durable point de Paris, cheney, va-

THE LACE ON SUMMER GOWNS.

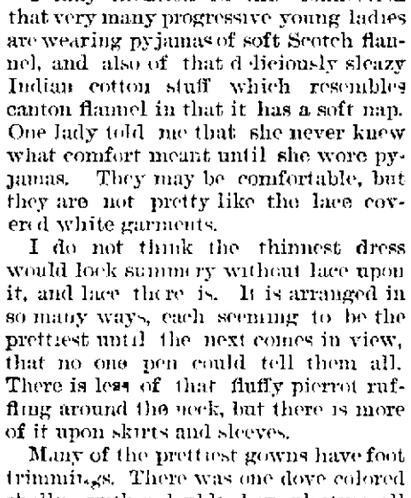
lenciennes or imitation duchess. All the others are too heavy for fine underwear. This lace is laid ruffle over ruffle until the whole trimmed portion looks like the breaking waves foaming along the shore. Here and there, even on drawers, skirts and "nightes," one finds wee bits of bows of delicate baby blue or pink ribbon with floating ends and drooping loops. The skirts are really fairylike, as they would need be to match the diaphanous lawns. They are made of fine Victoria lawn, and this has first a double ruffle of lace, the two about four inches deep. Over this is an eight inch ruffle of the lawn, roll hemmed and having a very full ruffle of the lace set directly upon the edge and two above it, both on the outer side. This is often festooned with tiny rosettes of Tom Thumb ribbon set upon each apex. One must see such a skirt to realize how very dainty it is. The slumber robes are cut V shaped and decorated with every inch of filmy lace that can be fastened on anywhere. I noticed one nightrobe of fine and sheer linen lawn where the sleeves were puffed and wrinkled in the Bernhardt style from the shoulder to the wrists.

I may mention in this connection that very many progressive young ladies are wearing pyjamas of soft Scotch flannel, and also of that deliciously sleazy Indian cotton stuff which resembles canton flannel in that it has a soft nap. One lady told me that she never knew what comfort meant until she wore pyjamas. They may be comfortable, but they are not pretty like the lace covered white garments.

I do not think the thinnest dress would look summery without lace upon it, and lace there is. It is arranged in so many ways, each seeming to be the prettiest until the next comes in view, that no one pen could tell them all. There is less of that fluffy pierrot ruffling around the neck, but there is more of it upon skirts and sleeves.

Many of the prettiest gowns have foot trimmings. There was one dove colored challie, with a double box plaiting all around of the same shade in taffeta. The front breadth was plain, but the sides and the back were shirred and the shirrs raised into narrow puffs. The skirt fell in natural gathers below the puffs. The waist was very dainty and summery, being tight fitting and prettily embroidered in black and gold. It was cut square at the throat.

Persian patterns and colorings grow in favor, and every kind of garment is made of them, from house wrappers in simple calico to rich brocade in basques or wraps. Sateen in Persian colorings is very handsome, and the printed cashmeres are cheap, but quite as Persian as the more expensive goods. Challies are produced in the most extravagant designs as to size, but somehow there is a cunning little trick in the combining of colors that makes the most insane of the figures look artistic and pleasing. With a bit of velvet and a few yards of lace it is refined and ladylike. I think colors and their proper uses have never been so well understood as now, for this season shows the most daring use of the whole of the primary colors at once, but



CHALLIE AND PRINTED CASHMERE DRESSES.

they are so magically treated that they are not half as painful to the eye as they might be. I am very sorry to be obliged to say that the Trilby day has passed, and with it the easy, natural form shoe. This summer the toes will be so pointed that the pretty wearers of the newest shoe can punch holes in the ground with them deep enough to sow sweet peas, and that means four inches, and the shoes squeeze besides, for they are narrow as well as long and the heels are half an inch higher. OLIVE HARPER.

THE STRUGGLE OVER.

Chief Disbrow, of New Brighton Pa., Police, Makes a Public Statement of Interest.

A well known citizen of New Brighton is Mr. Edmund Disbrow, an old resident and a public official. As chief of the police, he is recognized as a capable and efficient officer. If the statement of anyone carries weight with it, surely none could be no stronger than that of Mr. Disbrow. Said he to our representative: "Kidney trouble has, during many years been a source of a great amount of misery for me. From my back I suffered most; I had such a dull, heavy pain and soreness in the small of my back, which was at times very severe; I would get so stiff, as if I had been working hard; I lost my grip, for my nervous system seemed affected also. I would have such a general feeling of languor that I did not feel good for anything; the urin would come very frequently by spells, and this was more especially noticable if I caught cold. I heard in several ways about Doan's Kidney Pills, and I finally decided to give them a trial. I went to the drug store of Harry L. Schweppe, where I found them highly recommended. I obtained a box and commenced their use. I can truthfully say that all of the words of praise that have been said about them does not any more than do them justice. Since using them I feel like a different man; the pain in my back was very quickly removed; the urine was corrected, and the feeling of lassitude has left me; my nerves seem to be better, for I can now hold as tight a grip as I ever could in my life. I hope that many others who suffer likewise will only give Doan's Kidney Pills a trial." It would be hard to produce any better endorsement of merit than the statement of Mr. Disbrow. It will surely disarm the skeptics.

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Is the result of colds and sudden climatic changes. It can be cured by a pleasant remedy which is applied directly into the nostril. Being quickly absorbed it gives relief at once.

ELY'S CREAM BALM

Opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages. Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores. Protects the Membrane from Colds. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. The Balm is quickly absorbed and gives relief at once. Price 50 cts. at druggists or by mail.

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CATARRH

COLD IN HEAD

PIANOS Great Slaughter Sale of Organs, and Musical Goods

For the NEXT SIXTY DAYS we will give to every purchaser of a Piano

FREE,—A Mandolin, Guitar or Banjo.

Cash or on easy payments. Great reductions on all our goods. Our prices necessarily are always below all others. We are with you to stay to back what we say. Small profits, quick sales and honesty is our motto.

$8.00 Guitar reduced to	$3 95	$5 00 Accordion reduced to	$2.60
8 00 Mandolin reduced to	3 95	5.00 Violins reduced to	1.85
$10 00 Banjos reduced to	5 15	All kinds of strings	3c to 15c

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Pianos tuned and repaired, Furniture repaired and varnished.

All of these Pointers you will find at

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OLD HONESTY PURE OIL PAINT.

Guaranteed the Best Paint Made.

This Paint will cover one-fourth more space than any other Paint on the market and will wear for eight to ten years.

The Best is the Most Economical.

Wright for color cards and prices.

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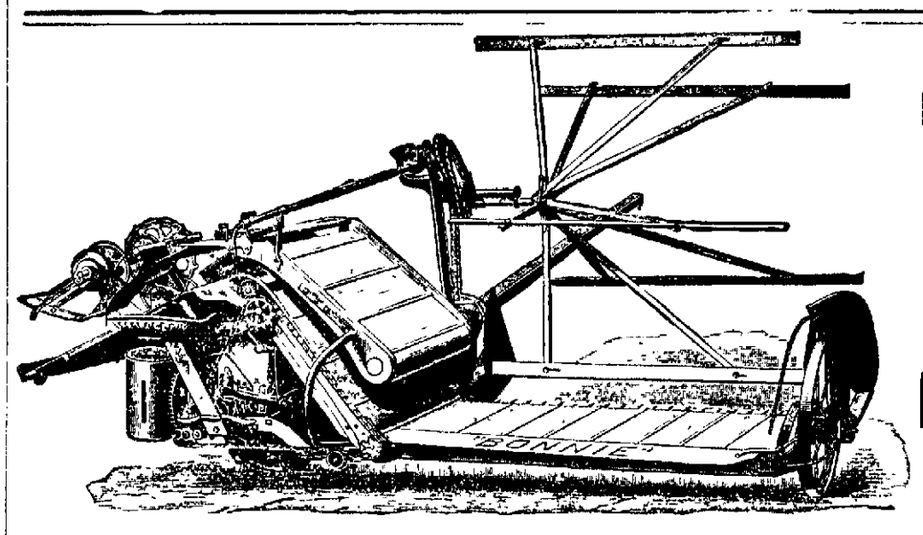
CANTON, OHIO.

Drop a Quarter in THE INDEPENDENT Want Columns and Get What You Want.



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Single and Double Speed. Rear or Front Cut Mowers. Challenge Competition. See Machines in Macintosh machine rooms, Massillon, and at Dalton.

AERMOTOR WIND MILLS and Farm Machinery of Every Kind at Prices that Defy Competition. Call and be Convinced.

We carry a large stock of the best goods made and every farmer contemplating the purchase of any farm machinery will make a big days wages by seeing us before buying.

H Santmyres, Manager

M. F. McDowell & Co.

THE OLD AXIOM That we still lead the procession

Attention now my friends. We are the oldest and best established carriage factory in this section

SEE SEE SEE

How nice and smoothly it runs along. My hand-made buggies will stand fast driving. Drivers for business. Drivers for speed and drivers for recreation and pleasure. All accord in the unanimity of my superb and the excellency of my line of vehicles. We are up to date with the approved modern ideas of carriage building.

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VIEWS OF A JOCKEY.

FRED TARAL WRITES OF HORSES AND THEIR RIDERS.

A Few Points as to the Probable Winner of the Brooklyn Handicap—Diagnosis of the Leading Horses—Tips and the Betting Business.

[Special Correspondence.]

NEW YORK, May 4.—It is not an easy thing to pick the winner of the Brooklyn Handicap. The shrewdest of turfmen and the greatest of plungers have failed five times out of six when they essayed the feat. Favorites, as a rule, fall by the wayside. But two—Hanover and Tenny—have captured the coveted trophy during the past ten years. This is not so surprising when one considers the fact that from 15 to 20 fleet horses—and sometimes more—struggle for the mastery, and the favorites are frequently lost in the bunch at the start or "pocketed" at the finish. In other words, they never secure a good position from the beginning to the end of a race. In such an event victory is almost impossible, for that certainly would be an extraordinary animal which could run outside the whole field early in the game and overhaul the leaders. He would be going hundreds of feet outside the 1¼ miles the race calls for.

Horses and Their Jockeys.

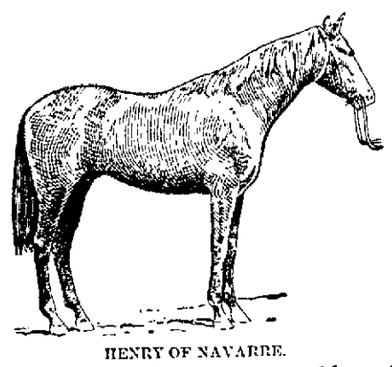
Frequently the favorite is not the best horse in the contest and is really beaten on his merits. On the other hand a horse which is actually not up to championship form, "a rank outsider," wins by a turn of luck. We all remember the marvelous victory of Castaway II over a mighty strong field at the Brooklyn track some years ago. Twice it has been my good fortune to win the Handicap under what seemed decidedly unfavorable circumstances. The first time it was with old Diablo in 1893 against a famous field, including the mighty Lamplighter. The second time was with Dr. Rice in 1894, when I managed to get away from the great Clifford and the now apparently invincible Henry of Navarre. I corralled the royal animal with the Doctor just before the finish. Henry was only a 3-year-old then and the Doctor 4. They would bear the same relation physically to the human family as a youth of 18 to a man of 22 years. Of course the man, nine times out of ten, has more endurance than the boy, and the Doctor, by the same line of reasoning, could stand a bruising finish better than the young horse with the kingly name.

Again, much depends upon the jockey, whether he is a free agent, at liberty to follow his own judgment, or to be guided by instructions. Orders are good for some jockeys who are of an impetuous disposition and apt to work the horse for all he is worth at the start, but unnecessary for others, I think, who are cool, level headed boys, accurate judges of pace and quick to seize an advantage when it comes their way.

The jockey, too, should know his animal thoroughly. Horse and rider should be in perfect sympathy. I have known horses who hated certain jockeys, and these boys could not get all there was out of them. I have seen horses tremble when some particular jockeys approached to mount them. The animals remembered hard punishment the boys gave them in some preceding race. Domino and Dr. Rice, for instance, knew me thoroughly and I knew them. We were on friendly terms, and I could get everything there was out of them. Fit and well they never failed to respond to my calls at a crucial crisis.

The Brooklyn Handicap of 1896 promises to mark an epoch in equine history. Events have tended to make it a greater uncertainty than ever to pick the winner. In the first place, the training season has been a memorable one. The dreariest and most peculiar season we have ever had has been suddenly followed by the most torrid heat. That has not been conducive to excellent results in training. Many good horses have broken down under it. Among these are the great Domino, who, I understand, has retired from the field. Saragossa and Halma, too, I hear, are ailing, but may come around all right for the Brooklyn Handicap and Suburban.

Another factor which is to be taken into consideration is the fact that the Metropolitan Handicap at Morris park this year, contrary to all precedent, precedes the Brooklyn, while the Suburban goes away over to June 23, three weeks later than the date usually set for that event. This makes a long period of training, which, taken with the erratic weather we have had and



HENRY OF NAVARRE.

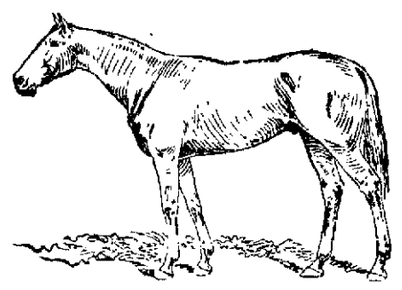
may still have, renders the problem of picking a winner or even place horses exceedingly difficult.

Handicap Horses.

The favorites, Henry of Navarre and Clifford, it is gratifying to hear, have come out of winter quarters right as a clock. They can be relied upon to give a glorious account of themselves even if loaded with the top weight, 128 pounds, although I don't think either has an airtight cinch upon landing the prize. Gallant little Sir Walter, as the boys call him, is, too, I understand, all right, and he may be depended upon to battle gamely to the finish. If he is near the leader's throatlatch on the stretch, he will come pretty near breaking that leader's heart to win out. Dr. Rice and Senator Grady, too, are dangerous at all times, although they have not appeared to be in the best of fettle as yet. There is plenty of time, though, between now and May 15, Handicap day. Nanki Pooh, it may be noted, is doing magnificently in preparatory work, and, although weighted heavily, may keep the boys guessing.

King Arthur II, the gallant 4-year-old brother of Freeland, is a likely animal, and it would be well for the boys to keep their eyes on him. Counter Tenor and Keenan are not to be despised, and that marvelous pair of 3-year-olds, Handspring and Ben Brush, have a strong backing for first, second and third places. Good judges nowadays contend that, with anything like a fair weight for age, a game, speedy 3-year-old can hold his elder brethren to a finish.

The talent seem to be plunging on Henry of Navarre and Clifford. Shrewd chaps, too, are playing Ben Brush and



CLIFFORD.

Handspring, while not a few of the knowing ones are putting down a bet or two that Hornpipe will repeat last year's performance and capture the bun.

It is my business to ride and not give tips, so I have simply placed my diagnosis of the leading horses before you. I don't say that even any of these great animals will win. There is nothing so uncertain as a great handicap. A rank outsider lightly weighted may capture the meed of victory, as he has often done before, especially on a heavy track. The way for any man to do who is going into the betting business is to take tips from nobody, but to go down to the course himself early in the morning, watch the horses in their work, study their condition and past performances and then bet on his own judgment, taking into consideration always the points I have raised in this article as to the temperament and other qualities of the horses and the affinity between the animal and his rider. FRED TARAL.

A COLONIAL TOWN.

Fort Sumter to Be Rebuilt—The New South In Evidence.

[Special Correspondence.]

CHARLESTON, May 5.—The old "city by the sea," so called because it is the only one on the Atlantic seaboard from which the ocean can be seen, is unique in its air, its oddities and its individualities. The horse cars go through the streets in preference to trolleys or electric motors. A lady passenger is never allowed to deposit her own fare if there is a man or boy, white or colored, on the car. If a transfer is desired or a request made to the driver—there are no conductors—he touches his hat in such a courteous manner that it quite takes one's breath, and we contrast it with the brusque "Step lively! Move up there!" of the railroad officials in other cities. When a change of weather is expected, the flags on the weather bureau are hoisted, and the bell clangs for some minutes to notify the truck farmers and the owners of gardens to prepare for the cold wave. By this precautionary measure danger is averted from the fruit and vegetable farms.

Tourists are as plentiful as blackbirds. They are everywhere. Fort Sumter, however, seems the objective point for most of them. The old war battered fort is being repaired, and it is hoped that it will soon be garrisoned by United States troops. Old Fort Moultrie is also to rise again from her ashes, and the time is looked forward to with pleasure when the old parade ground will again resound to the martial orders of troops and the strains of delightful music.

Port Royal is one of the finest harbors in the world, and the government is now coming to recognize the fact. With that magnificent naval station not far off and deep water on the bar Charleston stands today upon the threshold of a new life. With unexcelled harbor and exceptional water front, with new lines of steamships and railway interests and combinations that make a checkerboard of the state, she has no rival. If it be the fixed law of commerce to take the shortest and cheapest route, it will be found by an examination of the map that this city opens the finest sea gate to the west on the American continent.

Thousands of tons of phosphate are shipped every season, much of it going to Europe. Early fruits and vegetables are supplied to northern markets months in advance of those grown in that clime. Fruit, sugar, tobacco and the tropical productions of Cuba come directly to this port in large shipments the year round and can be transferred from vessels to the freight cars which now run the entire length of the water front. The remarkable Plant system has paved the way for many of these wonderful possibilities. Henry B. Plant and Mr. Flagler are the Joshuas who have opened so many vistas through which light has gleamed in these sections. "Grit" has been their keynote of success. Two years ago when Flagler's hotel manager wired him that there were twice as many employees as guests and asked if he should not weed out his force and let the band go, Flagler answered, "Keep all your help and hire another band." The moral of this is in the application of it.

Charleston today stands in a position to make herself whatsoever she will in the new south. Her time honored individuality, which has made her a choice mosaic among the cities of the states and on which she rests as does a man full of years, though with latent strength, must now give way to modern progress, for Charleston today stands on the threshold of a new life.

MRS. F. G. DE FONTAINE.

A TIP FOR TOURISTS.

MAKING TENANTS PAY FOR BREAKAGE THEY DID NOT CAUSE.

How Thrifty Paris Makes It Cheaper For the Stranger to Stay Than to Go—An American Who Beat the Game—The Way It Is Done In England.

Before going abroad it is meet that the unsuspecting native should understand one of the ways he is expected to add to the income of thrifty France if he means to stay in that country. This is best illustrated by a veritable experience. A New Yorker engaged an apartment that had been previously occupied by a member of his own family. When the time came for giving it up, the china was all spread out on the table, and monsieur, madame and the concierge and candles went through the rooms looking for the damages that would have to be settled for before the stranger left.

They found the chairs were so injured they would have to be reseated—so much. There was a crack in the mirror over the mantel. A new glass would be necessary—so much. Passing their hands under each of the pieces of china they discovered so many nicks and disfigurements that a new set of china must be bought—so much. "Very well," said the American, settling the bill at once.

"Now I have paid for the chairs, for the new glass and the china, haven't I?"

"Yes. Monsieur was very amiable."

"Then they're mine. I always did want to smash china. Here goes." Raising his cane he brought it down on the table, and the china flew into fragments.

"This is my mirror. I'll break that too." Whack went the mirror. The group was speechless, but they were not through with this madman plying his cane. One by one he stuck it through the seats of the chairs, wrecking them utterly.

"They are all paid for, you know," he said, with a gratified smile. For, you see, his relatives had told him that when they gave up the apartment they, too, had paid for reseating the chairs, replacing the glass and for the damaged china.

Doubtless the articles had been paid for many times. Many of the owners of these lodgings have secondhand stores, and from these the rooms are furnished. One set of broken down chairs give place to another, decrepit sofa succeeds decrepit sofa, and each is a constant source of income.

After a time the wary stranger learns to protect himself. The manner is tedious, but measurably effective. One family, after a residence of nine years, has reduced it to a science. When engaging an apartment one day is devoted to going through it with the owner and locating and registering all the blemishes.

Even the stains on the walls are numbered, with descriptive attachments.

The proprietors invariably protest against such minuteness. "Ah, madame, between ladies, between persons of character!" But the mistress unrelentingly pursues her way. When she gives up the apartment and the pursuit for damages begins, she has with her her register, and drawn horses could not make her pay for a stain if it is recorded in her book.

In England the matter is not such a personal one. When a house, lodging or an apartment is given up, each party is represented by an agent, paid at the rate of a guinea a day and expenses. These agents are left to themselves. One of the requirements is that everything must be touched, to assure by personal contact its state. A wall cabinet filled with curios must be opened and a finger laid on each piece in order to keep within the law. These agents, who are usually fat and easy going, have an amicable, sociable time. They are full of apologies, each to the other.

"Now, dear sir, we are not going to draw the lines too tight!"

"We, on our part, are quite sure that you are disposed to be quite fair."

Thus they glide swiftly through the piles of bed linen, over the stacks of china and make haste to go out and have a two hours' lunch together.—New York Advertiser.

The Home of Delight.

The "Home of Delight," which has just been opened in Philadelphia, is to be for the enlightenment, uplifting and betterment of the so called "slum" dwellers of Philadelphia. It is a four story brick structure, about 25 feet wide, and the first floor contains the large lecture hall and two game rooms, the latter being equipped with table bagatelle, checkers, lotto and other games. The second story contains the library of 1,000 volumes, and a reading room adjoining. Back of these rooms is the printing room, whence a weekly paper called Our World and Work will be issued in a short time. On the third floor are a committee room and a game room, while the remainder of the house is occupied by the superintendent and his wife.—New York Tribune.

Her Only Friends.

"Mamma," asked the little 4-year-old, "how do you spell 'ginger?'"

"Put away your book, dear. It is time for you to go to bed."

"Papa, how do you"—

"Don't bother me, Katie."

"What does it mean when it says"—

"Didn't you hear your mother?"

Katie threw the book on the floor.

"I don't believe there's anybody that loves me," she burst forth, "'cept grandpa and God. Grandpa, he's in Michigan, an I don't know where God is!"—Exchange.

The Fish She Wanted.

A lady entered a south end fish market and asked for two pounds of headacke. She meant haddock, but she pronounced the word wrong. While there she said that the fish in this country contained more bones than those in the old country. This may be considered a "fish" story, but it isn't.—New Bedford Journal.

FRYE DEFENDED HUNTINGTON.

Hot Debate Over a California Project In the Senate.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—The California deep water harbor project was before the senate most of the day. It is seldom that a local improvement arouses so much feeling among senators, manifesting itself in a debate of unusual animation and of considerable personal feeling. Mr. Berry (Ark.) began the debate, declaring that this proposed expenditure of $3,000,000 was against the public interest and in the private interest of C. P. Huntington of the Southern Pacific.

Senators Vest and Caffery took the ground that no appropriation should be made at present. Mr. Frye, chairman of the commerce committee, replied to the strictures upon the proposition and vehemently characterized the criticisms of Mr Huntington as "savoring of the slogan of the sand lots."

Winter Wheat Improves.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—The May returns of the statistical division of the department of agriculture on the condition of winter wheat show an increase of 5.6 points above the April average, being 82.7 against 77.1 last month and 82.9 in May, 1892. The average in Pennsylvania is 64 and in Ohio 55.

Unimportant House Session.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—The session of the house was almost entirely devoted to the consideration of district official business. Bills of minor importance were passed.

Clara Barton's Work Successful.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 12.—The work of the agents of the American Red Cross society, under the direction of Miss Clara Barton, its president, is very successful.

"Complete Manhood AND How to Attain It."

A Wonderful New Medical Book, written for Men Only. One copy may be had free on application.

ERIE MEDICAL CO. BUFFALO, N.Y.

DISEASES OF THE SKIN.

The intense itching and smarting incident to eczema, tetter, salt-rheum, and other diseases of the skin is instantly allayed by applying Cuticura Balm. Eye and Skin Ointment. Many scaly and crusted humors have been permanently cured by it. It is equally efficient for itching piles and a favorite remedy for sore nipples, chapped hands, chilblains, frost bites, and chronic sore eyes. For sale by druggists at 25 cents per box.

Try Dr. Cady's Condition Powders, they are just what a horse needs when in bad condition. Tone, blood purifier and vermifuge. The Saltsman Drug Co., Massillon, O.

Spring Fruits

Indulged in too freely give pain,

Gripes,

and such annoying ailments, cured by

LIGHTNING HOT DROPS

Quickly and surely, nothing better, few equal it, in Cramps, Cholera Morbus and Stomach or Bowel Troubles, and pains of all kinds.

50c bottle holds 2½ times as much as a 25c bottle.

HERB MEDICINE CO., SPRINGFIELD, OHIO.

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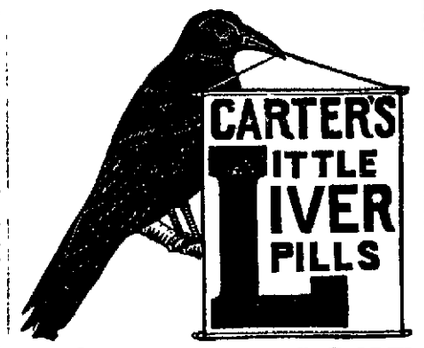

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SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Substitution

the fraud of the day.

See you get Carter's,

Ask for Carter's,

Insist and demand

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

PILES Dr. Williams Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams Indian Pile Ointment is prepared for Piles and Itching of the private parts. Every box is warranted. By druggists, by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents and $1.00. WILLIAMS MANUFACTURING CO., Props., Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by F. E Seaman.

Your Stomach Distresses You

after eating a hearty meal, and the result is a chronic case of Indigestion, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Dyspepsia, or a bilious attack.

RIPANS TABULES

Promote Digestion, Regulate the Stomach, Liver and Bowels, Purify the Blood, and are a Positive Cure for Constipation, Sick Headache, Biliousness, and all other Diseases arising from a disordered condition of the Liver and Stomach. They act gently yet promptly, and perfect digestion follows their use.

Ripans Tabules take the place of an Entire Medicine Chest, and should be kept for use in every family.

Price, 50 Cents a box. At Druggists, or by mail. RIPANS CHEMICAL CO., 10 SPRUCE ST., NEW YORK.

Celery Tea regulates the kidneys, cures constipation headache. 25c at all druggists.

FOR YOUR OUTING GO TO PICTURESQUE MACKINAC ISLAND.

ONE THOUSAND MILES OF LAKE RIDE AT SMALL EXPENSE.

Visit this Historical Island, which is the grandest summer resort on the Great Lakes. It only costs about $13 from Detroit; $15 from Toledo; $18 from Cleveland, for the round trip, including meals and berths. Avoid the heat and dust by traveling on the D & C floating palaces. The attractions of a trip to the Mackinac region are unsurpassed. The island itself is a grand romantic spot, its climate most invigorating. Two new steel passenger steamers have just been built for the upper lake route, costing $300,000 each. They are equipped with every modern convenience, ventilators, bath rooms, etc., illuminated throughout by electricity, and are guaranteed to be the grandest, largest and safest steamers on fresh water. These steamers favorably compare with the great ocean liners in construction and speed. Four trips per week between Toledo, Detroit, Alpena, Mackinac, St. Ignace, Petoskey, Chicago, "Soo," Marquette and Duluth. Daily between Cleveland and Detroit, and Cleveland and Put in-Bay. The palatial equipment makes traveling on these steamers thoroughly enjoyable. Send for illustrated descriptive pamphlet. Address A. A. SCHANTZ, G. P. A., D. & C., Detroit, Mich.

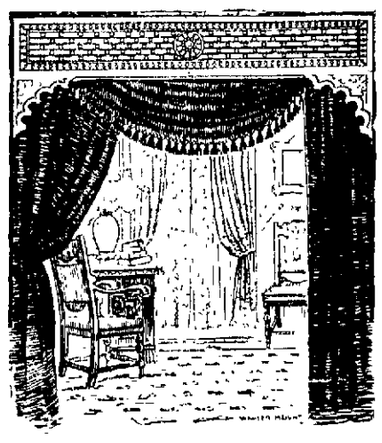
CURES TAKE THE BEST COUGH WITH SHILOH'S CURE

25cts., 50cts. and $1.00 Bottle. One cent a dose.

It is sold on a guarantee by all druggists it cures Incipient Consumption and is the best Cough and Croup Cure.

For sale by E. S. Craig and G. B. Fulton

HOME SWEET HOME



Surely John Howard Payne, says with exquisite truth:

"A charm from the skies seem to hallow us there.
Which seek thro' the world is ne're met with elsewhere."

A home furnished with elegance and good taste is the haven of the busy man, or home-loving woman. The genius of artists are now called into requisition for designing beautiful furniture for the home.

BENEDICT

Is now offering you the chance to completely furnish your house with high-class furniture for less money than it has been ever possible to do it before.

MATTING!

The most pleasant and cooling Floor Covering for the Summer.

Popular Prices

this week. Some excellent values in Cotton Warps.

Baby.... Carriages.

Another shipment of those popular priced

$12 $14, $16

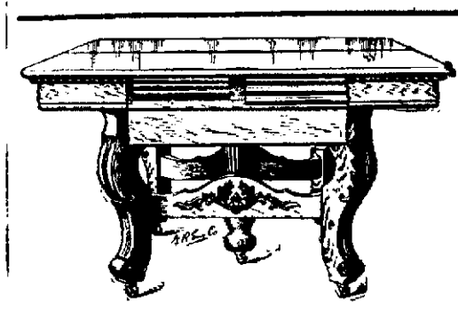
Cabs.

They are going fast.

Don't Wait.

COUCHES. Spring Edges, Tufted Tops. 37 Springs guaranteed.

Only $5.50. This cannot be classed with goods usually offered at this price, as it is a real $8 value.



Center Tables

Better attend this Special Sale and secure a handsome Table cheap.

Every Table in the house at 25 per cent. Discout.

Another invoice of those popular Patent Dining Tables.

A 10 foot Table at the price of a 6 foot.

CARPETS— Body Brussels, $1.05. Tapestry B's, 70c. Tapestry A's, the best 80c. All Wools, 57½c. Sewed Laid Lined

ONLY 99c.

...The WHITE PALACE...

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

A SEIZURE BY RUSSIA.

An American Scores a Point For That Country In China.

LONDON, May 13.—A special dispatch from Shanghai says that the Russians through an American agent named Smith have taken possession of the disputed territory at Chefoo, over which the British claim rights. Six Russian warships are there, as well as the Detroit, Yorktown, Olympia and Machias of the United States navy.

The dispatch adds that intense excitement prevails at Chefoo.

A dispatch to The Globe from Shanghai says that the Russians have seized lot 12 of the British concession at Chefoo in defiance of all legal and treaty rights.

The Globe's editorial comment on the dispatches from Shanghai contains the remark that:

"The seriousness of the news from Chefoo cannot be overestimated. The action taken is in direct contravention of existing laws and treaties and cannot be viewed by Great Britain as other than an unfriedly act."

Trying to Save Jackson's Neck.

NEWPORT, Ky., May 13.—The argument in the Jackson trial continues. Colonel Crawford devoted much time in an attempt to discredit the testimony of the two negroes Allen Johnson and George H. Jackson, the cabman, but his greater effort was to create a doubt as to whether the girl was killed in Ohio or Kentucky, and also to establish an alibi for Scott Jackson.

Deadly Quarrel Over Women.

HOPKINSVILLE, Ky., May 13.—At White Oak Grove Ed Long has been shot through the heart and instantly killed. A quarrel over two women had arisen, when pistols were drawn and shots fired, one of them striking Long, an innocent bystander. Five of the combatants were arrested on suspicion.

An Ex-Cashier Pleads Guilty.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., May 13.—John Love, ex-cashier of the First National bank of Watkins, has pleaded guilty to the indictment charging him with making a false entry in a report to the United States comptroller. No time has been fixed for passing sentence. Love was a defaulter for over $100,000.

Alleged Murderer on Trial.

BALTIMORE, May 13.—The work of securing a jury to try Jerome Councell, a boy but little more than 18 years old, for the murder of his adopted parents, Captain Frederick and Mrs Anna M. Long, for their money, has begun in criminal court here.

Salt Rheum

and Eczema cured. These two complaints are so tenacious that the readers THE INDEPENDENT should know of the success obtained by using Dr. David Kennedy's favorite Remedy. Where all other treatments have failed, it has made a complete cure.

No more horrible case of salt rheum was ever reported than that of Wilbur L. Hale, quartermaster, Pratt Post, G. A. R., Rondout, N. Y. Several physicians utterly failed to render him any relief; finally

DR. DAVID KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY

was tried and steady improvement followed its use, and a permanent cured resulted.

It is used with similar success in cases of scrofula, nervousness, kidney and liver complaints, and in all diseases brought about by bad blood and shattered nerves.

Democratic National Convention Excursions to Chicago.

Tickets to Chicago will be sold at reduced rates via Pennsylvania Lines July 3, 4, 5 and 6; good returning until July 12th; details may be obtained by applying to Ticket Agent of Pennsylvania Lines.

For every quarter in a man's pocket there are a dozen uses; and to use each one in such a way as to derive the greatest benefit is a question everyone must solve for himself. We believe, however, that no better use could be made of one of these quarters than to exchange it for a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, a medicine that every family should be provided with. For sale by the Saltsman Drug Co.

A Deception Easily Practiced

Is the offer of a reward for "any case of catarrh not cured" by certain "cures" or "blood medicines." Nothing is said regarding the number of bottles required and therein lies the deception. The makers of Ely's Cream Balm have never resorted to such devices. Cream Balm is an elegant preparation, agreeable to use, and immediate in its beneficial results. It cures catarrh. You can rely upon the fact that it contains no mercury or other injurious drug. 50 cents.

Pittsburg Saengerfest Excursion.

June 6, 7 and 8, are dates upon which excursion tickets to Pittsburg will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines for the North American Saengerfest. Return limit, June 13.

First-Class Steamboat Service Between Detroit and Cleveland, and Cleveland, Put-in-Bay and Toledo.

D. & C. Floating Palaces are now running between Detroit and Cleveland, and on May 1 commenced to run daily between Cleveland, Put-in-Bay and Toledo. If you are traveling between the above points take advantage of a water trip and save money.

Spend your vacation on the Great Lakes. Send for illustrated pamphlet. Address A. A. Schantz, G. P. A., Detroit, Mich.

For Sale.

A farm and coal, either jointly or separately, is offered at private sale. The farm is that of Ephraim Royer, deceased, on which the Woodland mine is operated, and is located one mile south of East Greenville, O. For particulars inquire of Albert B. Kittinger, administrator.

Christian Endeavor Washington Excursions.

Low rate tickets to Washington account Christian Endeavor convention will be sold via Pennsylvania Short Lines July 4, 5, 6 and 7; good to return until July 15, with privilege to extend limit until July 31. See Pennsylvania line ticket agents for details.

THE MARKETS

PITTSBURG, May 12.

WHEAT—No. 1 red, 73@73c. No 2 red 71@72c, spring wheat, 70@71c.

CORN—No. 2 yellow ear, 35½@35¾c; No. 2 shelled, 34½@35c, high mixed shelled, 33½@34½c, mixed ear, 32c.

OATS—No 1 white, 25@25½c; No 2 do, 24@24½c; extra No 3 white, 23½@24c, light mixed, 22½@23c.

HAY—No 1 timothy, $15.25@15.50; No. 2 timothy, $13.50@13.75 mixed clover, $14.00@14.25; packing, $8.50@9.00; No 1 feeding prairie, $12.50@13.00; wagon hay, $19.00@20.00 for timothy.

BUTTER—Elgin creamery, 18½@19½c Ohio fancy creamery, 15@17; fancy country, roll, 11@12c; low grade and cooking 7@8.

CHEESE—Fancy New York, full cream, large size, 10½@10½c New York flats, 10@10½c; fancy Ohios, 9½@10c Wisconsin Swiss in tubs, 14@14½c; Limburger, 12½@13c; Ohio Swiss in tubs, 13½@14c. Swiss, in square blocks 13½@14c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, 10½@10c, seconds, 9½@10c.

POULTRY—Large live chickens, 7@8c per pair, live chickens, small, 6½@6c, spring chickens, 5@7c dressed chickens, 14@15c per pound; live ducks, 50 60c per pair; dressed, 15@16 per pound, live turkeys 9@10c per pound; dressed, 14@15c per pound, live geese, 60@75c per pair.

PITTSBURG, May 12.

CATTLE—Receipts fair this week, 50 cars on sale; market ruled slow and draggy at a decline of 10@12c on all grades. We quote prices as follows. Prime, $4.20@4.30; good $4.10@4.20; good butchers, $3.80@4.10, rough fat, $3.00@3.65, bulls, stags and cows, $1.75@3.50, fresh cows and springers $15@40.

HOGS—Receipts liberal on Monday; demand fair, market steady; today's run light, demand light; market slow. We quote prices. Prime medium and best Yorkers, $3.60@3.65; common to fair Yorkers, $3.50@3.55, heavy hogs, $3.45@3.50, roughs, $2.00@3.00.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply fair on Monday, 42 cars on sale; market fair, prices 10@15c lower on both sheep and lambs, medium grades selling best; today the receipts are fair and market steady. We quote as follows: Prime sheep, $3.65@3.75; good, $3.60@3.65, fair $3.25@3.40; common, $2.75@3.00, culls, $1.00@2.00, choice lambs, $4.50@4.80, common to good lambs, $3.50@4.25, spring lambs $5.00@7.00; veal calves, $4.00@4.50, heavy and thin calves, $2.00@3.00.

CINCINNATI, May 12.

HOGS—Market active and strong at $4.30@4.50. Receipts 4,000 head, shipments, 3,000 head.

CATTLE—Market steady at $2.65@4.25. Receipts, 200 head, shipments, none.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market steady at $2.00@3.50. Receipts, 1,100 head, shipments 700 head. Lambs—Market steady at $3.25@4.50; spring $4.00@5.00.

NEW YORK, May 12.

WHEAT—Spot market firm, No 2 red, 75¾c, No 1 hard 72½c.

CORN—Spot market steady, No 2 35½c.

OATS—Spot market active in an export way; No 2, 25⅝@26c.

CATTLE—Market quiet and lower on common to medium steers and medium to good dry cows. Native steers, poor to prime, $4.00@4.60, Coloradoes, $4.00@4.27½; oxen, $4.00; bulls, $2.75@3.40, dry cows, $1.80@3.25.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market quiet and lower. Clipped sheep, poor to fair, $4.00@4.00; clipped lambs common to choice, $4.50@4.35; spring lambs, $2.00@4.00 each.

HOGS—Market weak at $3.70@4.10.

TODAY'S MARKETS.

Latest Reports From the Centers of Trade.

CHICAGO, May 13.—[By Associated Press]—Hogs, fairly active, $3.05@$3.55; cattle, steady; beeves, $3.35@$4.30; sheep, lower.

	Opening	Highest	Lowest	Close
Wheat.				
Sept.	64⅞	65	64	64⅛
July	61¼	64⅜	63¼	63⅞
Oats.				
Sept.	20¼	20⅜	19⅞	19⅞
July	19¼	19½	19⅜	19⅜
Corn.				
Sept.	31⅝	31⅝	31	31
July	30⅝	30½	29¾	29⅞
Pork				
Sept.	7 90	7 90	7 80	7 80
July	7 65	7 72	7 60	7 65
Lard				
Sept.	4 80	4 80	4 77	4 77
July	4 65	4 65	4 62	4 62

Cash Wheat 62½
" Corn 28⅞
" Oats 18½
" Pork 7 77
" Lard 4 55

TOLEDO, May 13.—[By Associated Press]—Wheat, 69¼.

The Massillon Markets.

The following prices are being paid in the Massillon markets for grain and produce on this date, May 14 1896,

GRAIN MARKET,	
Wheat, per bushel (old)	68
Rye, per bushel	40
Oats	20-21
Corn	30-32
Barley	45
Wool	8-10-12
Flax Seed	$1 00
Clover Seed	$4 00
Timothy Seed	$150-$1 80
Bran, per 100 lbs	85
Middlings, per 100 lbs	90
Hay	$13 00-15 00
PRODUCE.	
Choice Butter, per lb	12-14
Eggs, per dozen	8
Lard, per pound	6
Hams, per lb	10
Shoulders	06
Sides	8
Cheese, per lb	8
White beans, per bushel	$1 25-1 50
Potatoes	15
Onions	30
Apples	$1 00- 1 25
Evaporated Apples, choice	8-10
Dried Peaches, peeled	12-15
Dried Peaches, unpeeled	4- 5
Salt, per barrel	$1 00-$1 20

The Biggest Fool at Large

Is the individual who persistantly neglects his health, and the means of preserving and restoring it. Many persons who are not constitutional idiots do this. They are genuine objects of compassion as well as censure. A failure of appetite, loss of sleep and flesh, impaired digestion, an uncertain state of the bowels and symptoms of biliousness are so many warnings of the approach of disease. To disregard them is abject folly, which offended nature in due time punishes severely, if not fatally. That genial and thoroughly reliable preventive of bodily mischief in the shape of chronic disease, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will, if resorted to in time, avert those disorders, to the removal of which it is also fully adequate. Among these are chronic indigestion, liver complaint, kidney troubles, constipation, nervousness, rheumatism and malaria.

Results Tell the Story.

A vast amount of direct, unimpeachable testimony proves beyond any possibility of doubt that Hood's Sarsaparilla actually does perfectly and permanently cure diseases caused by impure blood. Its record of cures is unequalled and these cures have often been accomplished after all other preparations had failed.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills, biliousness, jaundice, indigestion, sick headache.

BattleAx PLUG

A GREAT BIG PIECE FOR 10 CENTS

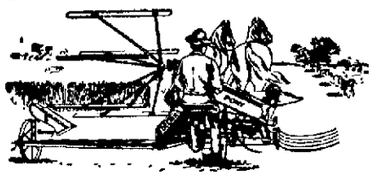
The largest piece of good tobacco ever sold for 10 cents and The 5 cent piece is nearly as large as you get of other high grades for 10 cents

How to Treat Your Wife.

(From Pacific Health Journal)

First, get a wife; second, be patient. You may have great trials and perplexities in your business, but do not therefore carry to your home a cloudy or contracted brow. Your wife may have trials, which, though of less magnitude, may be hard for her to bear. A kind word, a tender look, will do wonders in chasing from her brow all clouds of gloom. To this we would add always keep a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in the house. It is the best and is sure to be needed sooner or later. Your wife will then know that you really care for her and wish to protect her health. For sale by the Saltsman Drug Co.

In the spring a young man's fancy lightly turns to thoughts of—DeWitt's Little Early Risers, for they always cleanse the liver, purify the blood, and invigorates the system. Z. T. Baltzly and G. B. Fulton.



Roller & Ball Bearings

—MAKE THE—

Deering Mowers & Binders

The Lightest Draft Machine on Earth.

DEERING - TWINE!

Lowest and Best Sold.

See Sample Pony Binder and Ideal Mower, at

GEO. H. WALTERS'S,

PIGEON RUN, O.

JOS. HORNE & CO.

Black and White.

You'll never make a mistake in selecting Black or White for a gown—no matter what your age, complexion or style—equally good for young and old.

Two Specials

That should, and we believe will, bring us lots of MAIL ORDERS.

Pure Twisted Silk

Black Grenadines

Manufactured to sell at $1.00 a yard—manufacturer missed in his reckoning—we bought to sell—

50 Cents a yard

Same story applies to 43 inches wide White Dotted Swiss—regular 65c. quality, bought to sell—and selling fast at

45 Cents a yard

Write for samples of the above, or any goods sold by yard measurement—also ask for Our New Spring and Summer 1896 Catalogue—FREE.

PENN AVENUE AND FIFTH STREET, PITTSBURG.

For pin worms, eczema, hives, in fact, any of the various torturing, itchy diseases of the skin, Doan's Ointment is an instant and positive remedy. Get it from your dealer.

Notice to Contractors.

Clerk's office, Bethlehem Township.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education of Bethlehem township, Stark County, Ohio, until 12 o'clock noon,

on Saturday, May 16, 1896.

for building a brick school house on the lot situated in sub-district No. 6, about a mile south of Navarre, according to plans and specifications on file in said office. Each bid must contain the name of every person interested in the same, and be accompanied by a sufficient guaranty of some disinterested person, that if the bid is accepted a contract will be entered into, and the performance of it properly secured.

The bid for each kind of material called for by the specifications, must be stated separately, and the price of each given, and the price of labor must also be separately stated.

None but the lowest responsible bid will be accepted and the board reserves the right to accept or reject any or all bids.

By Order of the Board of Education,
E. J. WALKER, Clerk.

Navarre, O., April 22 1896.

Sheriff's Sale.

John C. Bothwell et. al., vs. David Mathie et al. } ORDER OF SALE

By virtue of an order of sale in partition issued by the clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Stark County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at public auction, on the premises, in Lawrence township two miles southeast of Canal Fulton, on

Saturday, June 13, '96, 10 a m

the following described real estate, to-wit: Situate in the state of Ohio, county of Stark and township of Lawrence, and being a part of fractional section 23, township 1, range 10, as follows, to wit: Beginning at the north-west corner of a tract of land conveyed by Weaver, Jarvis & Starkweather to Adam Oberlin, by deed dated May 18, 1839; thence south along said Oberlin line 17 chains, 40 links to a post; thence south 40 degrees, east 22 chains, 16 links along said Oberlin's and John Wagner's line to a post; thence south 88 degrees, east 7 chains, 67 links to a post in the line of John Wagner's land; thence south 1¾, west, about 21 chains and 19 links to the south boundary of said section; thence north 89 degrees, west 4 chains, 65 links to the Tuscarawas river; thence upward along the banks of said river to a post at the corner of land purchased by Jacob Hick of John Williams; thence east to the center of the canal; thence down the center of said canal to the road opposite Jacob Hick's land; thence north 75 degrees, east 10 chains, 20 links along said Hick's line to a post; thence north 83 degrees, east 6 chains along said Hick's land to a post; thence north 75 degrees, east 4 chains, 25 links to the place of beginning; excepting therefrom 35 acres sold off the east part of said premises by John Schilling to Peter Mathie and recorded in volume of page 190 of the deed records, of Stark county. Said premises above described after deducting said 35-acre tract containing 48.11 acres of land.

Also the following described premises, situate in the township of Lawrence, county of Stark, and state of Ohio, and known as being part of east fractional section 23, township 1, range 10, Stark county, Ohio, beginning on the north line of 60 acres of land deeded to said Samuel Duck by Thomas Kirk, by deed bearing date April 10, 1860, at a stone in the center of the Fulton road, from which corner the following bearing was taken to-wit: A white oak tree 8 inches in diameter, south 83 degrees, east 42 links; thence from said stone north 88 degrees, west 30 chains, 25 links to a stone near the canal; thence south 17½ degrees, east 7 chains and 50 links; thence south 21½ degrees, east 3 chains; thence south 26¾ degrees, east 7 chains; thence south 36½ degrees east 2 chains; thence north 75 degrees east 9 chains and 50 links; thence north 83 degrees east 6 chains; thence north 75 degrees east 8 chains; thence north 78¾ degrees east 8 chains and 59 links to a stone in the crossroads; thence north 11½ degrees west 13 chains and 70 links to the place of beginning containing 46.10 acres, be the same more or less, but subject to all legal highways; excepting from the premises last above described a four acre tract sold by Peter Mathie to James L. McCurdy, trustee, and recorded in Vol. 114, page 194 of the Deed Records of Stark County. Also excepting a tract containing 2¼ acres sold by Pero Mathie to The Crawford Coal Company and recorded in Vol. 133, page 237 of the Deed Records of Stark County. The entire premises above described containing about 87 71-100 acres of land more or less after deducting the land described in the exceptions.

Appraised at Four Thousand Dollars.

Terms: One-third cash, one-third in one year and one-third in two years, with interest and notes secured by mortgage on the premises.

Sale to commence at 1:30 o'clock, p. m.

DAY, LYNCH & DAY, Attorneys. HIRAM DOLL, Sheriff.

Prohibition National Convention Excursion to Pittsburg.

Excursion tickets to Pittsburg, account Prohibition national convention, will be sold via Pennsylvania lines, May 24th, 25th and 26th; good returning until May 30th. Particulars about rates and time of trains may be secured by addressing Pennsylvania line ticket agents.

Did you ever think how readily the blood is poisoned by constipation? Bad blood means bad health and premature old age. DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills, overcome obstinate constipation. Z. T. Baltzly and G. B. Fulton.

Young mothers dread the summer months on account of the great mortality among children caused by bowel trouble. Perfect safety may be assured those who keep on hand DeWitt's Colic & Cholera cure, and administer it promptly. For cramps, bilious colic, dysentery and diarrhœa, it affords instant relief. Z. T. Baltzly and G. B. Fulton.

"I have used Burdock Blood Bitters in my family for two years. It is the best medicine I ever used. It cured me of erysipelas in very short time; also cured my son of scrofula after the doctors had failed." Lonie Woodward, Laurel Hill, Fayette County, Pa.

SALE OF FARM!

ON MAY 20th, 1896,

—THE—

John Mumaw Farm!

Will be offered for sale on the premises, at 2 o'clock P. M. This farm will be sold in three lots or as one tract, according to which will bring the most money.

TERMS OF SALE.

One-third cash, one-third in one year and one third in two years, with interest at 6 per cent. per annum: deferred payments secured by mortgage on premises.

N. E. MOFFITT, Executor.

DR B. E. OTTMAN,

The Celebrated Specialist,

Of Columbus, O., will be at the

Hotel Conrad, Massillon, Wednesday, JUNE 3

Office Hours from 9 a. m. to 6:00 p. m. One Day Only Each Month

No money required of responsible parties to commence treatment.

HE CURES AFTER OTHERS FAIL.

The Most Successful and Scientific Treatment of All Diseases and Weaknesses of Mankind Possible to Obtain.

The most widely and favorably known Specialist in the United States. His long experience, remarkable skill and universal success in the largest hospitals in the world enables him to treat all CHRONIC, NERVOUS, SKIN and BLOOD Diseases upon the latest scientific principles, and entitles him to the full confidence of the afflicted everywhere.

DR. OTTMAN has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. Medical and Surgical Diseases. Acute and Chronic Catarrh, Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat and Lungs, Dyspepsia, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney, Liver, Bladder, Chronic Female and Sexual Diseases speedily cured by treatment that has never failed in thousands of cases that had been pronounced beyond hope. Many people meet death every year who might have been restored to perfect health had they placed their cases in the hands of experts.

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.—DR. OTTMAN, after years of experience, has discovered the greatest cure known for all diseases peculiar to the sex. Female diseases positively cured by the new remedy, **OLIVE BLOSSOM.** The cure is effected by home treatment. Entirely harmless and easily applied. **Consultation Free and Strictly Confidential.**

DR. OTTMAN operates successfully and painlessly for squint eyes, pterygium, iridectomy, turning in or out of eye lashes or lids, closure of tear duct and all other eye operations.

CHRONIC SORE EYES and granulated lids quickly cured.

A CERTAIN AND POSITIVE CURE for the awful effects of early vice and the numerous evils that follow in its train.

PRIVATE BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES speedily, completely and permanently cured.

NERVOUS DEBILITY AND SEXUAL DISORDERS yield rapidly to his skillful treatment.

PILES, FISTULA AND RECTAL ULCERS guaranteed cured without pain or detention from business.

SYPHILIS, GONORRHEA, GLEET, Spermatorrhea, Seminal Weakness, Lost Manhood, Night Emissions, Decayed Faculties, Female Weakness and all delicate disorders peculiar to either sex, positively cured, as well as functional disorders that result from youthful follies or the excess of mature years.

SPECIALTIES: Catarrh, Skin Diseases, Sores, Pimples, Scrofula, Blood Taints, Eczema, Cancer, Piles and Diseases of Women Quickly and Permanently Cured by the latest approved treatment as pursued by leading specialists of America and Europe.

FREE EXAMINATION OF THE URINE.—Each person applying for medical treatment should send or bring from 2 to 4 ounces of urine (that passed first in the morning preferred), which will receive a careful chemical and microscopical examination, and if requested a written analysis will be given. Persons ruined in health by unlearned pretenders, who keep trifling with them month after month, giving poisonous and injurious compounds, should apply immediately. Delays are dangerous.

WONDERFUL CURES Perfected in old cases which have been neglected or unskillfully treated. No experiments or failures. Parties treated by mail or express, but where possible, personal consultation is preferred. Curable cases guaranteed.

Cases and correspondence confidential. Treatment sent C. O. D. to any part of U. S.

List of 130 questions free. Address, with postage,

Dr. B. E. OTTMAN, 255 E. Broad st., Columbus, O.

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